







SCLS399N – APRIL 1998 – REVISED MARCH 2023

SN74LV273A Octal D-Type Flip-Flops With Clear

1 Features

- V_{CC} operation of 2-V to 5.5-V
- Maximum t_{pd} of 10.5 ns at 5 V
- Typical V_{OLP} (output ground bounce)
 0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- Typical V_{OHV} (output V_{OH} undershoot)
 2.3 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- I_{off} supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Supports mixed-mode voltage operation on all ports
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250 mA per JESD 17
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22:
 - 3000-V Human-Body Model
 - 2000-V Charged-Device Model

2 Applications

- · Power sub-station controls
- I/O modules; analog PLC/DCS inputs
- Human machine interfaces (HMI)
- Flow meters
- · Patient monitoring
- · Test and measurement solutions

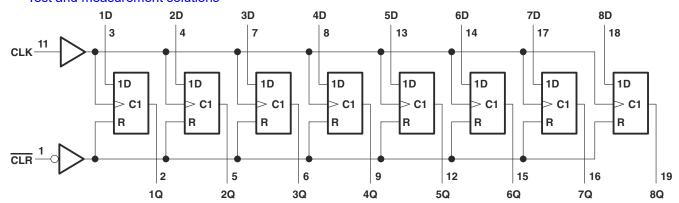
3 Description

The SN74LV273A device is an octal D-type flip-flop designed for 2-V to 5.5-V $V_{\rm CC}$ operation.

Package Information⁽¹⁾

	· aonago imormanon				
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)			
	DB (SSOP, 20)	7.20 mm × 5.30 mm			
	DGV (TVSOP, 20)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm			
	DW (SOIC, 20)	12.80 mm × 7.50 mm			
	NS (SOP, 20)	12.60 mm × 5.30 mm			
SN74LV273A	PW (TSSOP, 20)	6.50 mm × 4.40 mm			
3N/4LV2/3A	RGY (VQFN 20)	4.50 mm × 3.50 mm			
	RKS (VQFN, 20)	4.50 mm × 2.50 mm			
	GQN (BGA, 20)	4.00 mm × 3.00 mm			
	ZQN (BGA, 20)	4.00 mm × 3.00 mm			
	DGS (VSSOP, 20)	5.10 mm × 3.00 mm			

 For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



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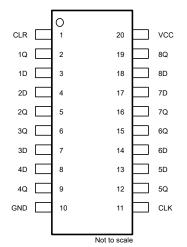
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Changed MAX operating temperature to 125°C in Recommended Operating Conditions table.6



5 Pin Configurations and Functions



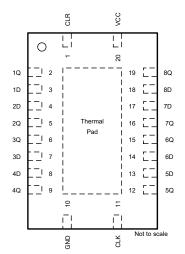


Figure 5-1. SN74LV273A DB, DGV, DW, NS, PW, or DGS Package, 20-Pin SSOP, TVSOP, SOP, TSSOP, or VSSOP (Top View)

Figure 5-2. SN74LV273A RGY or RKS Package, 20-Pin VQFN (Top View)

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PI	N	TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	ITPE(")	DESCRIPTION
CLR	1	I	Clear Pin
1Q	2	0	1Q Output
1D	3	I	1D Input
2D	4	I	2D Input
2Q	5	0	2Q Output
3Q	6	0	3Q Output
3D	7	I	3D Input
4D	8	I	4D Input
4Q	9	0	4Q Output
GND	10	_	Ground Pin
CLK	11	I	Clock Pin
5Q	12	0	5Q Output
5D	13	I	5D Input
6D	14	I	6D Input
6Q	15	0	6Q Output
7Q	16	0	7Q Output
7D	17	I	7D Input
8D	18	I	8D Input
8Q	19	0	8Q Output
V _{CC}	20	_	Power Pin
Thermal Pag	İ	_	Thermal Pad ⁽²⁾

- (1) I = input, O = output
- (2) RKS package only



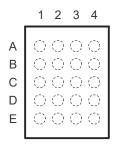


Figure 5-3. GQN or ZQN Package, 20-Pin BGA (Top View)

Table 5-2. GQN or ZQN Pin Assignments

	1	2	3	4
Α	1Q	CLR	V _{CC}	8Q
В	2D	7D	1D	8D
С	3Q	2Q	6Q	7Q
D	4D	5D	3D	6D
E	GND	4Q	CLK	5Q

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	7	V
VI	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾		-0.5	7	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾			7	V
Vo	Output voltage range ^{(2) (3)}	Output voltage range ^{(2) (3)}			V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V ₁ < 0		-20	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}		±25	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND	·		±50	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	3000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002, all pins ⁽²⁾	2000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

²⁾ The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		2	5.5	V	
		V _{CC} = 2 V	1.5			
	Lligh lovel input veltage	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	V _{CC} × 0.7		V	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} × 0.7			
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	V _{CC} × 0.7			
		V _{CC} = 2 V		0.5		
\ <i>/</i>	Low-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		V _{CC} × 0.3	V	
V_{IL}	Low-level Input Voltage	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		V _{CC} × 0.3	V	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		V _{CC} × 0.3		
VI	Input voltage	·	0	5.5	V	
Vo	Output voltage		0	V _{CC}	V	
	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 2 V		-50	μΑ	
ı		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		-2		
ОН	r ligh-level output current	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		-6	mA	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		-12		
		V _{CC} = 2 V		50	μΑ	
ı	Low-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2		
l _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		6	mA	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		12		
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		200		
∆t/∆v	Input transition rise or fall rate	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		100	ns/V	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		20		
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C	

⁽¹⁾ All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004).

6.4 Thermal Information

					SN74LV2	273A				
	THERMAL METRIC(1)	DB	DGV	DW	NS	PW	RGY	RKS	DGS	UNIT
		20 PINS								
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	118.2	118.1	102.3	79.4	104.7	37.1	75.2	125.5	
R _θ JC(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	77.2	33.4	69.9	45.9	38.8	46.1	79.4	80.0	
R _{0JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	73	59.6	70.8	46.9	55.7	14.9	47.8	63.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	42.2	1.1	46.4	19.1	2.9	1.3	14.6	8.4	- C/VV
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	72.6	58.9	70.4	46.5	55.1	15.0	47.8	79.9	
R _θ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.8	31.5	N/A	

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report (SPRA953).

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		J	`	,			
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V	T,	_λ = 25°C	-40°C to 85°C	-40°C to 125°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	UNII
	I _{OH} = -50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V	V _{CC} - 0.1		V _{CC} - 0.1	V _{CC} - 0.1	
V_{OH}	I _{OH} = -2 mA	2.3 V	2		2	2	V
	I _{OH} = -6 mA	3 V	2.48		2.48	2.48	
	I _{OH} = -12 mA	4.5 V	3.8		3.8	3.8	
	I _{OL} = -50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V		0.1	0.1	0.1	
V_{OL}	I _{OL} = -2 mA	2.3 V		0.4	0.4	0.4	V
	I _{OL} = -6 mA	3 V		0.44	0.44	0.44	
	I _{OL} = -12 mA	4.5 V		0.55	0.55	0.55	
l _l	V _I = 5.5 V or GND	0 to 5.5 V		±1	±1	±1	μA
I _{CC}	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	5.5 V		20	20	20	μΑ
I _{off}	V _I or V _O = 0 to 5.5 V	0 V		5	5	5	μA
C _i	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.3 V		2			pF

6.6 Timing Requirements, $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

			T _A = 25°C		T _A = 25°C		-40°C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
	t _w Pulse duration	CLR low	6.5		7		7.5		no
t _w		CLK high or low	7		8.5		9		ns
	Saturatima data bafara CLKA	Data	8.5		10.5		12		no
t _{su}	Setup time, data before CLK↑	CLR inactive	4		4		4.5		ns
t _h	Hold time, data after CLK↑		0.5		1		2.5		ns

6.7 Timing Requirements, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

OVCI	recommended operating free-all	temperature range (unicos	Othici Wist	Tiolog	/ (See Figu	10 1-1)			
			T _A = 25°C		T _A = 25°C		-40°C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
	Pulse duration	CLR low	5		6		6.5		ns
t _w P	ruise duration	CLK high or low	5		6.5		7		115
	Setup time, data before CLK↑	Data	5.5		6.5		8		no
t _{su}	Setup time, data before CEN	CLR inactive	2.5		2.5		3		ns
t _h	Hold time, data after CLK↑		1		1		2.5		ns

6.8 Timing Requirements, $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

			T _A = 25°C		5°C -40°C to 85°C		-40°C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
	Pulse duration	CLR low	5		5		5.5		ne
t _w	Pulse duration	CLK high or low	5		5		5.5		ns
	Sotup time data before CLKA	Data	4.5		4.5		6		20
t _{su}	Setup time, data before CLK↑	CLR inactive	2		2		2.5		ns
t _h	Hold time, data after CLK↑	·	1		1		2		ns

6.9 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

				`			`				
PARAMETER	FROM	то	LOAD	T _A	= 25°C		-40°C to	85°C	-40°C to	125°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT) (OL	(OUTPUT)	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	01411
f			C _L = 15 pF	55	95		45		45		MHz
f _{max}			C _L = 50 pF	45	75		40		40		IVITZ
t _{pd}	CLK	Q	C _L = 15 pF		10.4	18.3	1	20.5	1	22.5	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	С _L = 13 рг		10.3	19	1	21	1	23	ns
t _{pd}	CLK	Q			12.9	22.1	1	25	1	27	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 pF$		13.1	22.8	1	25.5	1	27.5	ns
t _{sk(o)}						2				2	ns

6.10 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	LOAD	TA	= 25°C		-40°C to	85°C	-40°C to	125°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT) (OUTPU	(OUTPUT)	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	ONIT
f			C _L = 15 pF	75	140		65		65		MHz
Imax			C _L = 50 pF	50	110		45		45		IVIIIZ
t _{pd}	CLK	Q	C _I = 15 pF		7.1	13.6	1	16	1	17.5	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	CL = 15 pr		6.9	13.6	1	16	1	17.5	ns
t _{pd}	CLK	Q			9.1	17.1	1	19.5	1	21	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 pF$		8.7	17.1	1	19.5	1	21	ns
t _{sk(o)}						1.5				1.5	ns

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6.11 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	LOAD CAPACITANCE	TA	= 25°C		-40°C to	85°C	–40°C to	125°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	ONIT
f			C _L = 15 pF	120	205		100		100		MHz
f _{max}			C _L = 50 pF	80	160		70		70		IVII IZ
t _{pd}	CLK	Q	C = 15 pE		4.8	9	1	10.5	1	11.5	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	$C_L = 15 pF$		4.7	8.5	1	10	1	11	ns
t _{pd}	CLK	Q			6.2	11	1	12.5	1	14	ns
t _{PHL}	CLR	Q	$C_L = 50 pF$		6	10.5	1	12	1	13.5	ns
t _{sk(o)}						1				1	ns

6.12 Noise Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	PARAMETER	SN	SN74LV273A				
	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
V _{OL(P)}	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V _{OL}		0.4	0.8	V		
V _{OL(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OL}		-0.4	-0.8	V		
V _{OH(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OH}		2.9		V		
V _{IH(D)}	High-level dynamic input voltage	2.31			V		
V _{IL(D)}	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.99	V		

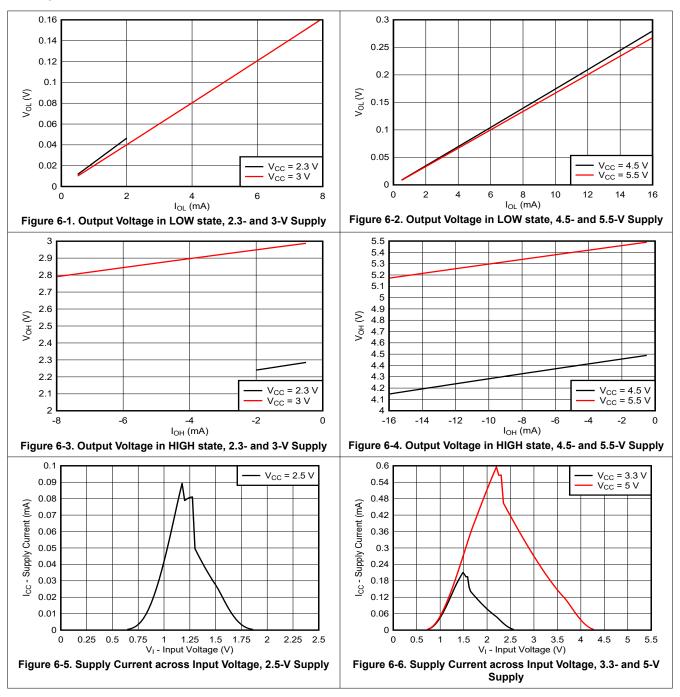
6.13 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	V _{cc}	TYP	UNIT
	Power dissipation capacitance	C ₁ = 50 pF.	f = 10 MHz	3.3 V	15.9	nE
Opd	Power dissipation capacitance	CL = 50 pr,	I - IU WINZ	5 V	17.1	рF



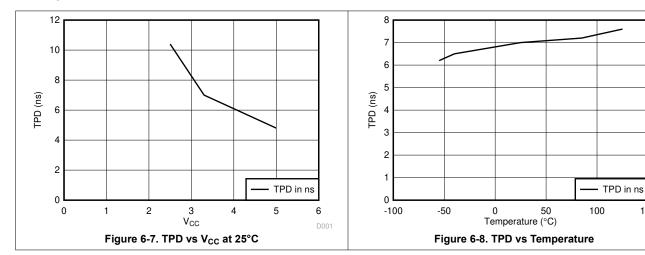
6.14 Typical Characteristics



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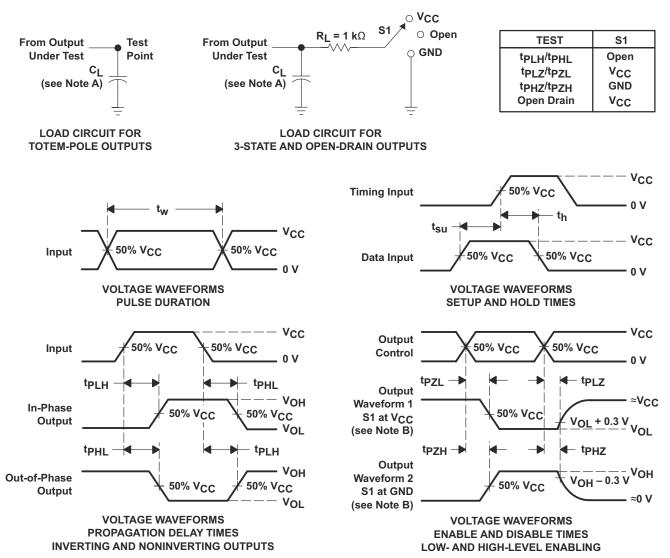
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6.14 Typical Characteristics (continued)





7 Parameter Measurement Information



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq 3$ ns, $t_f \leq 3$ ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- G. t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} are the same as t_{pd} .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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8 Detailed Description

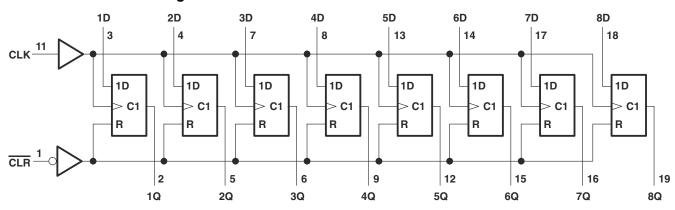
8.1 Overview

The SN74LV273A device is an octal D-type flip-flop designed for 2-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} operation.

This device is a positive-edge-triggered flip-flop with direct clear (\overline{CLR}) input. Information at the data (D) inputs meeting the setup time requirements is transferred to the Q outputs on the positive-going edge of the clock pulse. Clock triggering occurs at a particular voltage level and is not directly related to the transition time of the positive-going pulse. When the clock (CLK) input is at either the high or low level, the D-input signal has no effect at the output.

The SN74LV273A device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

This device includes balanced CMOS push-pull outputs. The term *balanced* indicates that the device can sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

Unused push-pull CMOS outputs should be left disconnected.

8.3.2 Latching Logic

This device includes latching logic circuitry. Latching circuits commonly include D-type latches and D-type flip-flops, but include all logic circuits that act as volatile memory.

When the device is powered on, the state of each latch is unknown. There is no default state for each latch at start-up.

The output state of each latching logic circuit only remains stable as long as power is applied to the device within the supply voltage range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

8.3.3 Partial Power Down (I_{off})

This device includes circuitry to disable all outputs when the supply pin is held at 0 V. When disabled, the outputs will neither source nor sink current, regardless of the input voltages applied. The amount of leakage current at each output is defined by the I_{off} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics* table.



8.3.4 Clamp Diode Structure

Figure 8-1 shows the inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes only.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

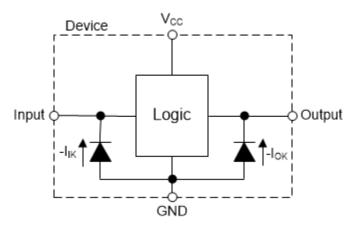


Figure 8-1. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-1. Function Table (Each Flip-Flop)

	INPUTS							
CLR	CLK	D	Q					
L	Х	X	L					
Н	↑	Н	Н					
Н	↑	L	L					
Н	L	X	Q_0					

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9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74LV273A is a low-drive CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of bus interface type applications where the data needs to be retained or latched. The low drive and slow edge rates will minimize overshoot and undershoot on the outputs. The inputs are tolerant to 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC} . This feature makes it Ideal for translating down to the V_{CC} level. Figure 9-2 shows the reduction in ringing compared to higher drive parts such as AC.

9.2 Typical Application

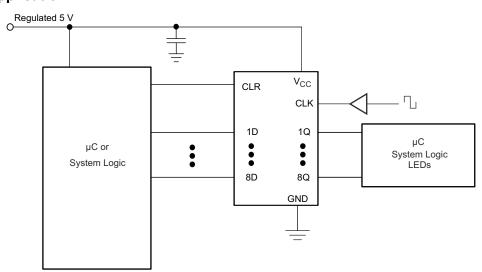


Figure 9-1. Typical Application Schematic

9.2.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74LV273A plus the maximum static supply current, I_{CC} , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current that is provided by the positive supply source. Be sure to not exceed the maximum total current through V_{CC} listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74LV273A plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Be sure to not exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The SN74LV273A can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50 pF.

The SN74LV273A can drive a load with total resistance described by $R_L \ge V_O$ / I_O , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with V_{OH} and V_{OL} . When outputting in the HIGH state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the V_{CC} pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear* and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices.

CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$ listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

9.2.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross $V_{IL(max)}$ to be considered a logic LOW, and $V_{IH(min)}$ to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74LV273A (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A 10-k Ω resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74LV273A has CMOS inputs and thus requires fast input transitions to operate correctly, as defined in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Slow input transitions can cause oscillations, additional power consumption, and reduction in device reliability.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

9.2.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the V_{OH} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

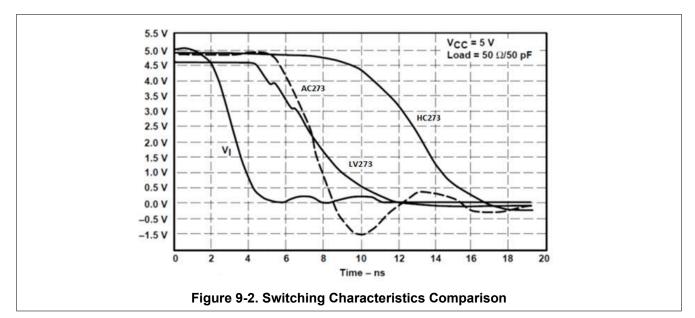
Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V_{CC} or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

9.2.4 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V_{CC} to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V_{CC} and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the Layout section.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 50 pF. This is not a hard limit; it will, however, ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74LV273A to one or more of the receiving devices.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)}) \Omega$. This will ensure that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in M Ω ; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.
- 4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates; the power consumption and thermal increase, however, can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

9.2.5 Application Curves



9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each V_{CC} pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1 μ F is recommended. If there are multiple V_{CC} pins, 0.01 μ F or 0.022 μ F is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1 μ F and 1 μ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 9-3 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is acceptable to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver.

9.4.2 Layout Example

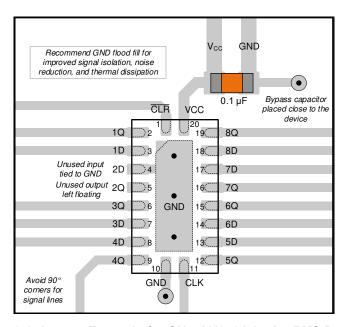


Figure 9-3. Layout Example for SN74LV273A in the RKS Package



10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.2 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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10.3 Trademarks

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10.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74LV273ADBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADBRE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADBRG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADGSR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGS	20	5000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADWG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ADWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ANSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	74LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273APWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ARGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	20	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples
SN74LV273ARKSR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RKS	20	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV273A	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LV273A:

Automotive: SN74LV273A-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LV273ADBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	7.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273ADGSR	VSSOP	DGS	20	5000	330.0	16.4	5.4	5.4	1.45	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	20	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV273ADWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	330.0	24.4	10.8	13.3	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LV273ANSR	so	NS	20	2000	330.0	24.4	8.4	13.0	2.5	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LV273APWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273APWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273APWRG4	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273APWT	TSSOP	PW	20	250	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LV273ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	20	3000	330.0	12.4	3.8	4.8	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV273ARKSR	VQFN	RKS	20	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	4.8	1.2	4.0	12.0	Q1



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*All dimensions are nominal

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LV273ADBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273ADGSR	VSSOP	DGS	20	5000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273ADWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74LV273ANSR	SO	NS	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74LV273APWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	364.0	364.0	27.0
SN74LV273APWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273APWRG4	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273APWT	TSSOP	PW	20	250	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	20	3000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV273ARKSR	VQFN	RKS	20	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN74LV273ADW	DW	SOIC	20	25	507	12.83	5080	6.6
SN74LV273ADWG4	DW	SOIC	20	25	507	12.83	5080	6.6
SN74LV273APW	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5
SN74LV273APWE4	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5
SN74LV273APWG4	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5

3.5 x 4.5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FGLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.





NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





SOIC



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-013.



SOIC



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOIC



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



PW (R-PDSO-G20)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

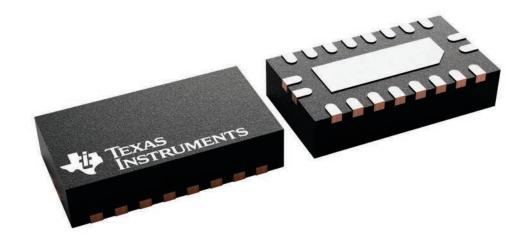
- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



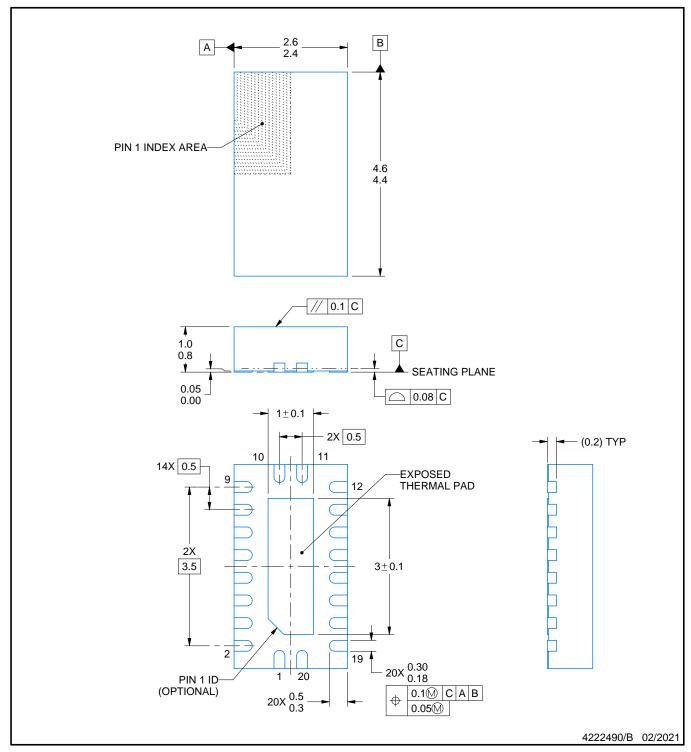
2.5 x 4.5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



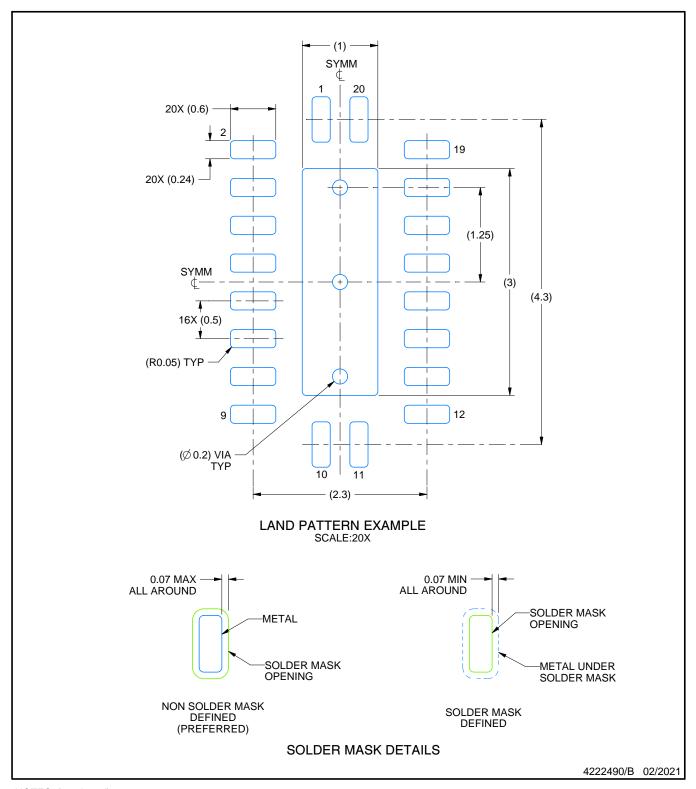




NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

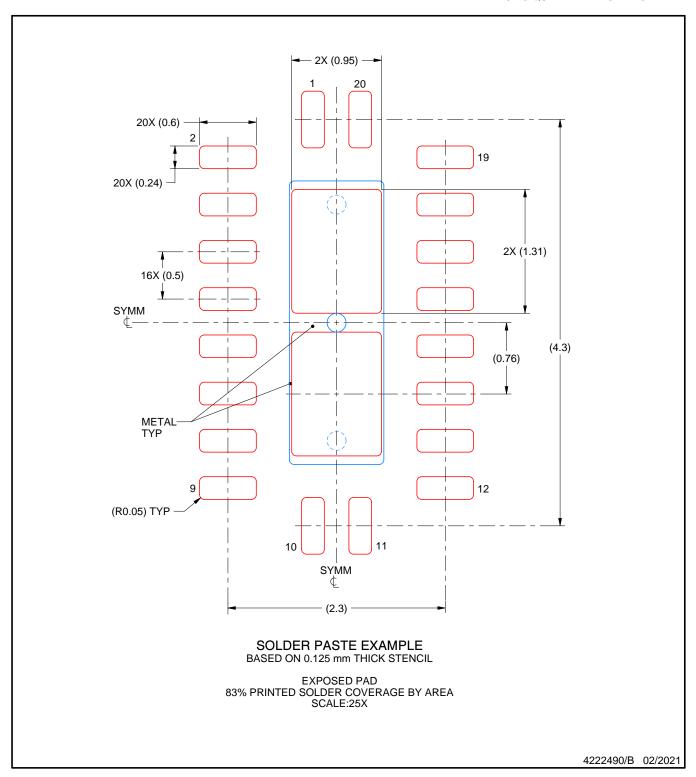




NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If some or all are implemented, recommended via locations are shown.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



MECHANICAL DATA

NS (R-PDSO-G**)

14-PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



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