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TUSB8041A

SLLSEW3-AUGUST 2017

# TUSB8041A Four-Port USB 3.1 Gen1 Hub

# 1 Features

- Four Port USB 3.1 Gen1 Hub
- USB 2.0 Hub Features
  - Multi Transaction Translator (MTT) Hub: Four Transaction Translators
  - Two Asynchronous Endpoint Buffers Per Transaction Translator
- Supports Battery Charging:
  - Supports D+/D- Divider Charging Port (ACP1, ACP2) when the Upstream Port is Unconnected or not Configured
  - Supports Automatic Mode for Transition Between DCP or ACP Modes When the Upstream Port is Unconnected
  - CDP Mode (Upstream Port Connected)
  - DCP Mode (Upstream Port Unconnected)
  - DCP Mode Complies with Chinese Telecommunications Industry Standard YD/T 1591-2009
- Supports Operation as a USB 3.1 Gen1 or USB 2.0 Compound Device
- Per Port or Ganged Power Switching and Over-Current Notification Inputs
- Supports Four External Downstream Ports
- Supports Vendor Requests to Read and Write I<sup>2</sup>C and EEPROM Read at 100 k
- I<sup>2</sup>C Master Supports Clock Stretching
- OTP ROM, Serial EEPROM or I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus Slave Interface for Custom Configurations:
  - VID and PID
  - Port Customizations
  - Manufacturer and Product Strings (not by OTP ROM)
  - Serial Number (not by OTP ROM)
- Application Feature Selection Using Pin Selection or EEPROM or I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus Slave Interface
- Provides 128-Bit Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)
- Single Clock Input, 24-MHz Crystal or Oscillator
- Downstream Ports Configurable to USB2.0 Only
- 64-Pin QFN Package (RGC)

# 2 Applications

Computer Systems, Docking Stations, Monitors, Set-Top Boxes

# 3 Description

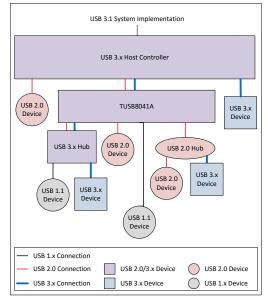
The TUSB8041A is a four-port USB 3.1 Gen1 hub. It provides simultaneous SuperSpeed USB and highspeed/full-speed connections on the upstream port and provides SuperSpeed USB, high-speed, fullspeed, or low-speed connections on the downstream ports. When the upstream port is connected to an electrical environment that only supports high-speed or full-speed/low-speed connections, SuperSpeed USB connectivity is disabled on the downstream ports.

# Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TUSB8041A	VQFN (64)	9.00 mm × 9.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.





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# 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

# Table 1.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
August 2017	*	Initial release.



# **5** Description (Continued)

When the upstream port is connected to an electrical environment that only supports full-speed/low-speed connections, SuperSpeed USB and high-speed connectivity are disabled on the downstream ports.

The TUSB8041A supports per port or ganged power switching and over-current protection, and supports battery charging applications.

An individually port power controlled hub switches power on or off to each downstream port as requested by the USB host. Also when an individually port power controlled hub senses an over-current event, only power to the affected downstream port will be switched off.

A ganged hub switches on power to all its downstream ports when power is required to be on for any port. The power to the downstream ports is not switched off unless all ports are in a state that allows power to be removed. Also when a ganged hub senses an over-current event, power to all downstream ports will be switched off.

The TUSB8041A downstream ports provide support for battery charging applications by providing Battery Charging Downstream Port (CDP) handshaking support. It also supports a Dedicated Charging Port (DCP) mode when the upstream port is not connected. The DCP mode supports USB devices which support with the USB Battery Charging, and Chinese Telecommunications Industry Standard YD/T 1591-2009. In addition when upstream port is unconnected, the TUSB8041A supports the divider charging port modes (ACPx modes) and an automatic transition through all modes, starting with ACP2 and ending in DCP.

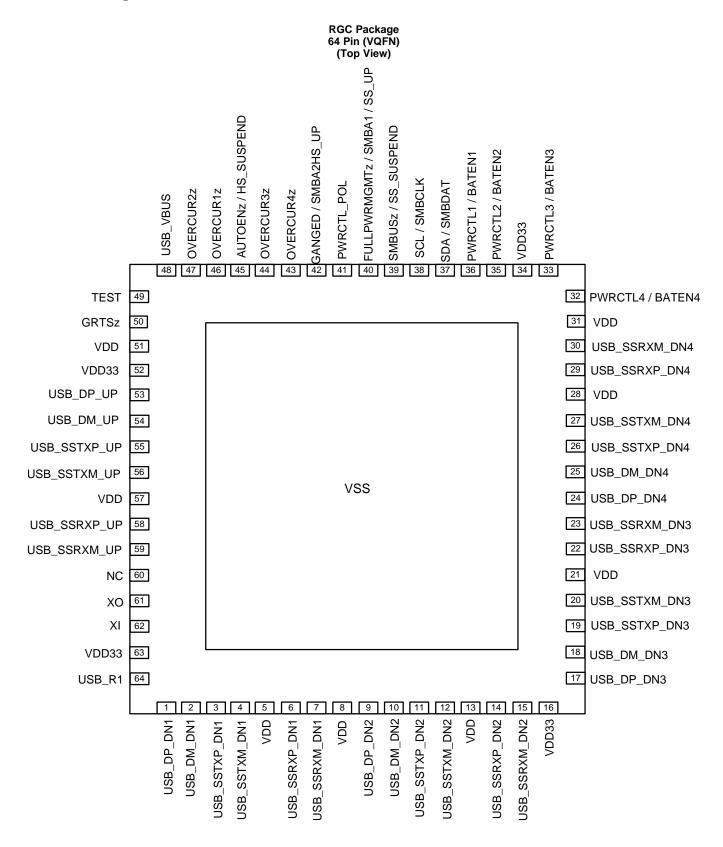
The TUSB8041A provides pin strap configuration for some features including battery charging support, and also provides customization though OTP ROM, I<sup>2</sup>C EEPROM, or via an I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus slave interface for PID, VID, and custom port and phy configurations. Custom string support is also available when using an I<sup>2</sup>C EEPROM or the I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus slave interface.

The device is available in a 64-pin RGC package and is offered in a commercial version for operation over the temperature range of 0°C to 70°C.

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# 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



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# **Pin Functions**

NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
		DESCRIPTION	
50	l PU	Global power reset. This reset brings all of the TUSB8041A internal registers to their default states. When GRSTz is asserted, the device is completely nonfunctional.	
62	I	Crystal input. This pin is the crystal input for the internal oscillator. The input may alternately be driven by the output of an external oscillator. When using a crystal a $1-M\Omega$ feedback resistor is required between XI and XO.	
61	0	Crystal output. This pin is the crystal output for the internal oscillator. If XI is driven by an external oscillator this pin may be left unconnected. When using a crystal a 1-M $\Omega$ feedback resistor is required between XI and XO.	
55	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (positive)	
56	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (negative)	
58	Ι	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (positive)	
59	Ι	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (negative)	
53	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (positive)	
54	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (negative)	
64	Ι	Precision resistor reference. A 9.53-k $\Omega$ ±1% resistor should be connected between USB_R1 and GND.	
48	Ι	USB upstream port power monitor. The VBUS detection requires a voltage divider. The signal USB_VBUS must be connected to VBUS through a 90.9-K $\Omega$ ±1% resistor, and to ground through a 10-k $\Omega$ ±1% resistor from the signal to ground.	
3	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (positive)	
4	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (negative)	
6	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (positive)	
7	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (negative)	
1	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (positive)	
2	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (negative)	
		USB Port 1 Power On Control for Downstream Power/Battery Charging Enable. The pin is used for control of the downstream power switch for Port 1. This pin be left unconnected if power management is not implemented.	
36	I/O, PD	In addition, the value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to determine the value of the battery charging support for Port 1 as indicated in the Battery Charging Support register:	
		0 = Battery charging not supported	
		1 = Battery charging supported	
		USB Port 1 Over-Current Detection. This pin is typically connected to the over current output of the downstream port power switch for Port 1.	
		0 = An over current event has occurred	
46	I. PU	1 = An over current event has not occurred	
-	, -	When GANGED power management is enabled, this pin or one of the other OVERCURz pins must be connected to the over current output of the power switch or circuit which detects the over current conditions. For the case when another OVERCURz pin is used, this pin can be left unconnected.	
11	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (positive)	
12	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (negative)	
14	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (positive)	
15	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (negative)	
9	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (positive)	
	62 61 55 56 58 59 53 54 64 48 3 4 6 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 36 7 1 2 7 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	50       PU         62       I         61       O         55       O         56       O         58       I         59       I         53       I/O         64       I         48       I         3       O         4       O         6       I         7       I         1       I/O         2       I/O         36       I/O, PD         46       I, PU         11       O         12       O         14       I         15       I	

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# Pin Functions (continued)

PIN			
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
			USB Port 2 Power On Control for Downstream Power/Battery Charging Enable. The pin is used for control of the downstream power switch for Port 2. This pin be left unconnected if power management is not implemented.
PWRCTL2/BATEN2 35		I/O, PD	In addition, the value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to determine the value of the battery charging support for Port 2 as indicated in the Battery Charging Support register:
			0 = Battery charging not supported
			1 = Battery charging supported
			USB Port 2 Over-Current Detection. This pin is typically connected to the over current output of the downstream port power switch for Port 2.
			0 = An over current event has occurred
OVERCUR2z	47	I, PU	1 = An over current event has not occurred
			When GANGED power management is enabled, this pin or one of the other OVERCURz pins must be connected to the over current output of the power switch or circuit which detects the over current conditions. For the case when another OVERCURz pin is used, this pin can be left unconnected.
USB_SSTXP_DN3	19	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (positive)
USB_SSTXM_DN3	20	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (negative)
USB_SSRXP_DN3	22	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (positive)
USB_SSRXM_DN3	23	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (negative)
USB_DP_DN3	17	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (positive)
USB_DM_DN3	18	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (negative)
PWRCTL3/BATEN3	33	I/O, PD	USB Port 3 Power On Control for Downstream Power/Battery Charging Enable. The pin is used for control of the downstream power switch for Port 3. This pin be left unconnected if power management is not implemented. In addition, the value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to determine the value of the battery charging support for Port 3 as indicated in the Battery Charging Support
			register: 0 = Battery charging not supported
			<ul> <li>1 = Battery charging supported</li> <li>USB Port 3 Over-Current Detection. This pin is typically connected to the over current output of the downstream port power switch for Port 3.</li> </ul>
			0 = An  over current event has occurred
OVERCUR3z	44	I, PU	1 = An over current event has not occurred
UVERCOR32	44	1, FO	When GANGED power management is enabled, this pin or one of the other OVERCURz pins must be connected to the over current output of the power switch or circuit which detects the over current conditions. For the case when another OVERCURz pin is used, this pin can be left unconnected.
USB_SSTXP_DN4	26	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (positive)
USB_SSTXM_DN4	27	0	USB SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (negative)
USB_SSRXP_DN4	29	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (positive)
USB_SSRXM_DN4	30	I	USB SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (negative)
USB_DP_DN4	24	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (positive)
USB_DM_DN4	25	I/O	USB High-speed differential transceiver (negative)
			USB Port 4 Power On Control for Downstream Power/Battery Charging Enable. The pin is used for control of the downstream power switch for Port 4. This pin be left unconnected if power management is not implemented.
PWRCTL4/BATEN4	32	I/O, PD	In addition, the value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to determine the value of the battery charging support for Port 4 as indicated in the Battery Charging Support register:
			0 = Battery charging not supported
			1 = Battery charging supported



# Pin Functions (continued)

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
			USB Port 4 Over-Current Detection. This pin is typically connected to the over current output of the downstream port power switch for Port 4.	
			0 = An over current event has occurred	
OVERCUR4z	43	I, PU	1 = An over current event has not occurred	
			When GANGED power management is enabled, this pin or one of the other OVERCURz pins must be connected to the over current output of the power switch or circuit which detects the over current conditions. For the case when another OVERCURz pin is used, this pin can be left unconnected.	
I <sup>2</sup> C/SMBUS I <sup>2</sup> C Signals				
			I <sup>2</sup> C clock/SMBus clock. Function of pin depends on the setting of the SMBUSz input.	
	20		When SMBUSz = 1, this pin acts as the serial clock interface for an $I^2C$ EEPROM.	
SCL/SMBCLK	38	I/O, PD	When SMBUSz = 0, this pin acts as the serial clock interface for an SMBus host.	
			Can be left unconnected if external interface not implemented.	
			I <sup>2</sup> C data/SMBus data. Function of pin depends on the setting of the SMBUSz input.	
SDA/SMBDAT	27		When SMBUSz = 1, this pin acts as the serial data interface for an $I^2C$ EEPROM.	
SDA/SIVIDDA I	37	I/O, PD	When SMBUSz = 0, this pin acts as the serial data interface for an SMBus host.	
			Can be left unconnected if external interface not implemented.	
	39		$\rm I^2C/SMBus$ mode select/SuperSpeed USB Suspend Status. The value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset set $\rm I^2C$ or SMBus mode as follows:	
			$1 = I^2 C$ Mode Selected	
SMBUSz/SS_SUSPEND		I/O, PU	0 = SMBus Mode Selected	
_		,	Can be left unconnected if external interface not implemented.	
			After reset, this signal indicates the SuperSpeed USB Suspend status of the upstream port if enabled through the stsOutputEn bit in the Additional Feature Configuration register. When enabled, a value of 1 indicates the connection is suspended.	
Test and Miscellaneous S	Signals	I		
	Jignais		Full power management enable/SMBus address bit 1/SuperSpeed USB Connection Status Upstream port.	
			The value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to set the power switch control: 0 = Power Switching and over current inputs supported. 1= Power Switch and over current inputs not supported.	
FULLPWRMGMTz /	40		Full power management is the ability to control power to the downstream ports of the TUSB8041A using PWRCTL[4:1]/BATEN[4:1].	
SMBA1/SS_UP	40	I/O, PD	When SMBus mode is enabled, this pin sets the value of the SMBus slave address bit 1. Can be left unconnected if full power management and SMBus are not implemented. After reset, this signal indicates the SuperSpeed USB connection status of the upstream port if enabled through the stsOutputEn bit in the Additional Feature Configuration register. When enabled a value of 1 indicates the upstream port is connected to a SuperSpeed USB capable port. Note: Power switching must be supported for battery charging applications	
			Power Control Polarity.	
PWRCTL_POL	41	I/O, PU	The value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to set the polarity of PWRCTL[4:1].	
			0 = PWRCTL polarity is active low	
			1 = PWRCTL polarity is active high	

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# Pin Functions (continued)

PIN		- I/O	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
			Ganged operation enable/SMBus Address bit 2/HS Connection Status Upstream Port.	
			The value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to set the power switch and over current detection mode as follows:	
			0 = Individual power control supported when power switching is enabled	
			1 = Power control gangs supported when power switching is enabled	
GANGED/SMBA2/ HS_UP	42	I/O, PD	When SMBus mode is enabled using SMBUSz, this pin sets the value of the SMBus slave address bit 2.	
			After reset, this signal indicates the High-speed USB connection status of the upstream port if enabled through the stsOutputEn bit in Additional Feature Configuration register. When enabled, a value of 1 indicates the upstream port is connected to a High-speed USB capable port.	
			Note: Individual power control must be enabled for battery charging applications.	
			Automatic Charge Mode Enable/HS Suspend Status.	
	45	I/O, PU	The value of the pin is sampled at the de-assertion of reset to determine if automatic mode is enabled as follows:	
AUTOENz/			0 = Automatic Mode is enabled on ports that are enabled for battery charging when the hub is unconnected. Please note that CDP is not supported on Port 1 when operating in Automatic mode.	
HS_SUSPEND		,	1 = Automatic Mode is disabled	
			This value is also used to set the autoEnz bit in the Battery Charging Support Register.	
			After reset, this signal indicates the High-speed USB Suspend status of the upstream port if enabled through the stsOutputEn bit in Additional Feature Configuration register. When enabled, a value of 1 indicates the connection is suspended.	
TEST	49	I, PD	This pin is reserved for factory test. It is suggested to have this pin pulled down to ground on PCB.	
Power and Ground Sign	als			
VDD	5, 8, 13, 21, 28, 31, 51, 57	PWR	1.1-V power rail	
VDD33	16, 34, 52, 63	PWR	3.3-V power rail	
VSS (Thermal Pad)		PWR	Ground. Thermal pad must be connected to ground.	
NC	60	—	No connect, leave floating	



# 7 Specifications

# 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	V <sub>DD</sub> Steady-state supply voltage	-0.3	1.4	V
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>DD33</sub> Steady-state supply voltage	-0.3	3.8	V
	USB_SSRXP_UP, USB_SSRXN_UP, USB_SSRXP_DN[4:1], USB_SSRXN_DP[4:1] and USB_VBUS terminals	-0.3	1.4	V
Voltage Range	XI terminals	-0.3	2.45	V
	All other terminals	-0.3	3.8	V
Storage temperature, T <sub>st</sub>	q	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# 7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 $^{\left( 2\right) }$	±500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

# 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VDD <sup>(1)</sup>	1.1V supply voltage		0.99	1.1	1.26	V
VDD33	3.3V supply voltage		3	3.3	3.6	V
USB_VBUS	Voltage at USB_VBUS PAD				1.155	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	TUSB8041A	0		70	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature		-40		105	°C

(1) A 1.05-V, 1.1-V, or 1.2-V supply may be used as long as minimum and maximum supply conditions are met.

# 7.4 Thermal Information

		TUSB8041A	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	RGC	UNIT
		64 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	26	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCtop}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	11.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	5.3	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.2	°C/W
ΨJB	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	5.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCbot}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	1.0	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

# 7.5 Electrical Characteristics, 3.3-V I/O

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	OPERATION	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIH	High-level input voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VDD33		2		VDD33	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VDD33		0		0.8	V
VI	Input voltage			0		VDD33	V
Vo	Output voltage <sup>(2)</sup>			0		VDD33	V
t <sub>t</sub>	Input transition time (t <sub>rise</sub> and t <sub>fall</sub> )			0		25	ns
V <sub>hys</sub>	Input hysteresis <sup>(3)</sup>					0.13 x VDD33	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	VDD33	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	VDD33	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V
I <sub>oz</sub>	High-impedance, output current <sup>(2)</sup>	VDD33	$V_{I} = 0$ to VDD33			±20	μA
I <sub>OZP</sub>	High-impedance, output current with internal pullup or pulldown resistor <sup>(4)</sup>	VDD33	$V_1 = 0$ to VDD33			±250	μΑ
I <sub>I</sub>	Input current <sup>(5)</sup>	VDD33	$V_I = 0$ to VDD33			±15	μA
$R_{PD}$	Internal pull-down resister			13.5	19	27.5	KΩ
$R_{PU}$	Internal pull-up resistor			14.5	19	25	KΩ

(1) Applies to external inputs and bidirectional buffers.

(2) Applies to external outputs and bidirectional buffers.

(3) Applies to GRSTz.

(4) Applies to pins with internal pullups/pulldowns.

(5) Applies to external input buffers.

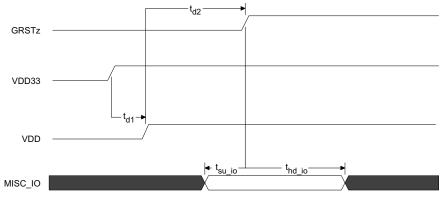
## 7.6 Timing Requirements, Power-Up

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
t <sub>d1</sub>	VDD33 stable before VDD stable <sup>(1)</sup>	See <sup>(2)</sup>		ms
t <sub>d2</sub>	VDD and VDD33 stable before de-assertion of GRSTz	3		ms
t <sub>su_io</sub>	Setup for MISC inputs <sup>(3)</sup> sampled at the de-assertion of GRSTz	0.1		μs
t <sub>hd_io</sub>	Hold for MISC inputs $^{(3)}$ sampled at the de-assertion of GRSTz	0.1		μs
t <sub>VDD33_RAMP</sub>	VDD33 supply ramp requirements	0.2	100	ms
t <sub>VDD_RAMP</sub>	VDD supply ramp requirements	0.2	100	ms

(1) An active reset is required if the VDD33 supply is stable before the VDD11 supply. This active Reset shall meet the 3ms power-up delay counting from both power supplies being stable to the de-assertion of GRSTz.

(2) There is no power-on relationship between VDD33 and VDD unless GRSTz is only connected to a capacitor to GND. Then VDD must be stable minimum of 10 μs before the VDD33.

(3) MISC pins sampled at de-assertion of GRSTz: BATEN[4:1], AUTOENz, FULLPWRMGMTz, GANGED, SMBUSz, and PWRCTL\_POL.







# 7.7 Hub Input Supply Current

Typical values measured at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

PARAMETER	VDD33	VDD	UNIT
PARAMETER	3.3 V	1.1 V	UNIT
LOW POWER MODES			
Power On (after Reset)	3	30	mA
Upstream Disconnect	3	24	mA
Suspend	3	30	mA
ACTIVE MODES (US state / DS State)			
3.0 host / 1 SS Device and Hub in U1 / U2	45	240	mA
3.0 host / 1 SS Device and Hub in U0	45	356	mA
3.0 host / 2 SS Devices and Hub in U1 / U2	45	301	mA
3.0 host / 2 SS Devices and Hub in U0	45	457	mA
3.0 host / 3 SS Devices and Hub in U1 / U2	45	372	mA
3.0 host / 3 SS Devices and Hub in U0	45	563	mA
3.0 host / 4 SS Devices and Hub in U1 / U2	45	440	mA
3.0 host / 4 SS Devices and Hub in U0	45	672	mA
3.0 host / 1 SS Device in U0 and 1 HS Device	84	372	mA
3.0 host / 2 SS Devices in U0 and 2 HS Devices	95	512	mA
2.0 host / HS Device	45	55	mA
2.0 host / 4 HS Devices	76	74	mA

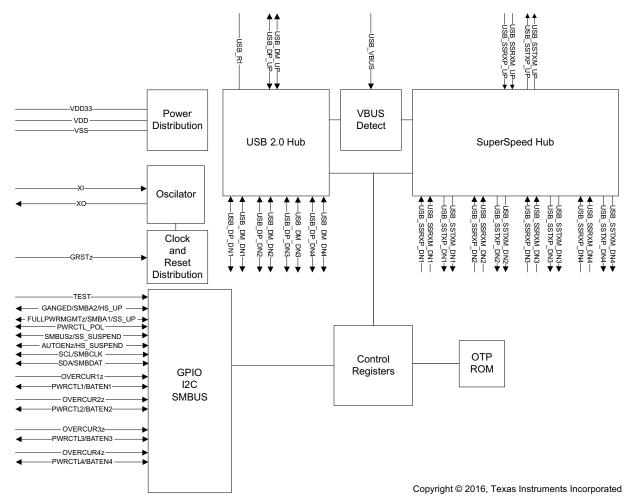


# 8 Detailed Description

# 8.1 Overview

The TUSB8041A is a four-port USB 3.1 Gen1 compliant hub. It provides simultaneous SuperSpeed USB and high-speed/full-speed connections on the upstream port and provides SuperSpeed USB, high-speed, full-speed, or low-speed connections on the downstream ports. When the upstream port is connected to an electrical environment that only supports high-speed or full-speed/low-speed connections, SuperSpeed USB connectivity is disabled on the downstream ports. When the upstream port is connected to an electrical environment that only supports full-speed connections, SuperSpeed USB and high-speed on the downstream ports. SuperSpeed USB and high-speed connectivity are disabled on the downstream ports.

# 8.2 Functional Block Diagram





## 8.3 Feature Description

## 8.3.1 Battery Charging Features

The TUSB8041A provides support for USB Battery Charging (BC1.2) and custom charging. Battery charging support may be enabled on a per port basis through the REG\_6h(batEn[3:0]).

USB Battery charging support includes both Charging Downstream Port (CDP) and Dedicated Charging Port (DCP) modes. The DCP mode is compliant with the Chinese Telecommunications Industry Standard YD/T 1591-2009. CDP is enabled when the upstream port has detected valid VBUS, configured, and host sets port power. When the upstream port is not connected and battery charging support is enabled, the TUSB8041A will enable DCP mode.

In addition to USB Battery charging (BC1.2), the TUSB8041A supports custom charging indications: Divider Charging (ACP2, ACP1 modes). These custom charging modes are only supported when upstream port is unconnected and AUTOMODE is enabled. When in AUTOMODE and upstream port is disconnected, the port will automatically transition from ACP mode to the DCP mode depending on the portable device connected. The divided mode places a fixed DC voltage on the ports DP and DM signals which allows some devices to identify the capabilities of the charger.

When the upstream port is not connected and battery charging support is enabled for a port, the TUSB8041A drives the port power enable active. If AUTOMODE is disabled, then DCP mode is used. If AUTOMODE is enabled, then TUSB8041A will start with highest enabled divider current mode (ACPx). The TUSB8041A will remain in highest current mode as long as a pull-up is not detected on DP pin. If an pull-up is detected on DP pin, then TUSB8041A will drive the port power enable inactive and switch to Galaxy mode, if enabled, or to DCP mode if Galaxy mode is disabled. The TUSB8041A will again drive the port power enable active. The TUSB8041A will remain in Galaxy mode as long as no pull-up is detected on DP pin. If an pull-up is detected on DP pin, then TUSB8041A will drive the port power enable inactive and transition to DCP mode. The TUSB8041A will again drive the port power enable active. In DCP mode, the TUSB8041A will look for a pull-up detected on DP pin or RxVdat. If a pull-up or RxVdat is detected on DP, the TUSB8041A will drive the port power enable active and transition to DCP mode. If no pull-up or RxVdat is detected on DP, the TUSB8041A will drive the port power enable inactive and transition to DCP mode. If no pull-up or RxVdat is detected on DP, the TUSB8041A will remain in DCP mode. If no pull-up or RxVdat is detected on DP, the TUSB8041A will drive the port power enable inactive and transition back to ACPx mode. This sequence will repeat until upstream port is connected.

The supported battery charging modes when TUSB8041A configured for SMBus or external EEPROM is detailed in Battery Charging Modes with SMBus/EEPROM Table.

The supported battery charging modes when TUSB8041A configured for I2C but without an external EEPROM is determined by the sampled state of the pins. These modes are detailed in Battery Charging Modes without EEPROM Table.

batEn[n] Reg_06h Bits 3:0	Upstream VBUS	HiCurAcpModeEn Reg_0Ah Bit 4	autoModeEnz Reg_0Ah Bit 1	BC Mode Port x (x = n + 1)
0	Don't Care	Don't Care	Don't Care	No Charging support
1	> 4V	Don't Care	Don't Care	CDP
1	< 4V	Don't Care	1	DCP
1	< 4V	0	0	AUTOMODE enabled with High current mode divider disabled. Alternate ACP1, DCP
1	< 4V	1	0	AUTOMODE enabled with High current mode divider enabled. Alternate ACP2,DCP

Table 2. TUSB8041A Battery Charging Modes with SMBus Mode or I2C EEPROM

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# Table 3. TUSB8041A Battery Charging Modes I2C mode without EEPROM

BATEN[3:0] pins	Upstream VBUS	AUTOENz pin	BC Mode Port x (x = n + 1)
0	Don't Care	Don't Care	No Charging support
1	> 4V	Don't Care	CDP
1	< 4V	1	DCP
1	< 4V	0	AUTOMODE enabled with High current mode divider disabled. Alternate ACP2, DCP



#### 8.3.2 USB Power Management

The TUSB8041A can be configured for power switched applications using either per-port (Full power managed) or ganged power-enable controls and over-current status inputs. When battery charge is enabled, the TUSB8041A will always function in full power managed.

Power switch support is enabled by REG\_5h (fullPwrMgmtz) and the per-port or ganged mode is configured by REG\_5h(ganged).

The TUSB8041A supports both active high and active low power-enable controls. The PWRCTL[4:1] polarity is configured by REG\_Ah(pwrctlPol).

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The TUSB8041A allows device configuration through one time programmable non-volatile memory (OTP). The programming of the OTP is supported using vendor-defined USB device requests. For details using the OTP features please contact your TI representative.

Table 4 provides a list features which may be configured using the OTP.

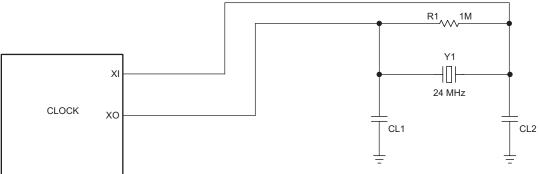
# **Table 4. OTP Configurable Features**

CONFIGURATION REGISTER OFFSET	BIT FIELD	DESCRIPTION
REG_01h	[7:0]	Vendor ID LSB
REG_02h	[7:0]	Vendor ID MSB
REG_03h	[7:0]	Product ID LSB
REG_04h	[7:0]	Product ID MSB
REG_07h	[0]	Port removable configuration for downstream ports 1. OTP configuration is inverse of rmbl[3:0], i.e. 1 = not removable, 0 = removable.
REG_07h	[1]	Port removable configuration for downstream ports 2. OTP configuration is inverse of rmbl[3:0], i.e. 1 = not removable, 0 = removable.
REG_07h	[2]	Port removable configuration for downstream ports 3. OTP configuration is inverse of rmbl[3:0], i.e. 1 = not removable, 0 = removable.
REG_07h	[3]	Port removable configuration for downstream ports 4. OTP configuration is inverse of rmbl[3:0], i.e. 1 = not removable, 0 = removable.
REG_08h	[3:0]	Port used Configured register.
REG_0Ah	[3]	Enable Device Attach Detection
REG_0Ah	[4]	High-current divider mode enable.
REG_0Bh	[0]	USB 2.0 port polarity configuration for downstream ports 1.
REG_0Bh	[1]	USB 2.0 port polarity configuration for downstream ports 2.
REG_0Bh	[2]	USB 2.0 port polarity configuration for downstream ports 3.
REG_0Bh	[3]	USB 2.0 port polarity configuration for downstream ports 4.
REG_25h	[4:0]	Device Configuration Register 3
REG_26h	[3:0]	USB2.0 Only Port Register
REG_F0h	[3:1]	USB power switch power-on delay.



## 8.3.4 Clock Generation

The TUSB8041A accepts a crystal input to drive an internal oscillator or an external clock source. If a clock is provided to XI instead of a crystal, XO is left open. Otherwise, if a crystal is used, the connection needs to follow the guidelines below. Since XI and XO are coupled to other leads and supplies on the PCB, it is important to keep them as short as possible and away from any switching leads. It is also recommended to minimize the capacitance between XI and XO. This can be accomplished by shielding C1 and C2 with the clean ground lines.



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Figure 2. TUSB8041A Clock

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# 8.3.5 Crystal Requirements

The crystal must be fundamental mode with load capacitance of 12 pF - 24 pF and frequency stability rating of  $\pm$ 100 PPM or better. To ensure proper startup oscillation condition, a maximum crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR) of 50  $\Omega$  is recommended. A parallel load capacitor should be used if a crystal source is used. The exact load capacitance value used depends on the crystal vendor. Refer to application note *Selection and Specification for Crystals for Texas Instruments USB2.0 devices* (SLLA122) for details on how to determine the load capacitance value.

#### 8.3.6 Input Clock Requirements

When using an external clock source such as an oscillator, the reference clock should have a ±100 PPM or better frequency stability and have less than 50-ps absolute peak to peak jitter or less than 25-ps peak to peak jitter after applying the USB 3.1 jitter transfer function. XI should be tied to the 1.8-V clock source and XO should be left floating.

#### 8.3.7 Power-Up and Reset

The TUSB8041A does not have specific power sequencing requirements with respect to the core power (VDD) or I/O and analog power (VDD33) as long as GRSTz is held in an asserted state while supplies ramp. The core power (VDD) or I/O power (VDD33) may be powered up for an indefinite period of time while the other is not powered up if all of these constraints are met:

- All maximum ratings and recommended operating conditions are observed.
- All warnings about exposure to maximum rated and recommended conditions are observed, particularly junction temperature. These apply to power transitions as well as normal operation.
- Bus contention while VDD33 is powered up must be limited to 100 hours over the projected life-time of the device.
- Bus contention while VDD33 is powered down may violate the absolute maximum ratings.

A supply bus is powered up when the voltage is within the recommended operating range. It is powered down when it is below that range, either stable or in transition.

A minimum reset duration of 3 ms is required. This is defined as the time when the power supplies are in the recommended operating range to the de-assertion of GRSTz. This can be generated using programmable-delay supervisory device or using an RC circuit. When a RC circuit is used, the external capacitor size chosen must be large enough to meet the 3ms minimum duration requirement. The R of the RC circuit is the internal R<sub>PU</sub>.



#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 8.4.1 External Configuration Interface

The TUSB8041A supports a serial interface for configuration register access. The device may be configured by an attached I<sup>2</sup>C EEPROM or accessed as a slave by an external SMBus master. The external interface is enabled when both the SCL/SMBCLK and SDA/SMBDAT pins are pulled up to 3.3 V at the de-assertion of reset. The mode, I<sup>2</sup>C master or SMBus slave, is determined by the state of SMBUSz/SS\_SUSPEND pin at reset.

### 8.4.2 I<sup>2</sup>C EEPROM Operation

The TUSB8041A supports a single-master, standard mode (100 KHz) connection to a dedicated  $I^2C$  EEPROM when the  $I^2C$  interface mode is enabled. In  $I^2C$  mode, the TUSB8041A reads the contents of the EEPROM at bus address 1010000b using 7-bit addressing starting at address 0. The TUSB8041A will read the entire EEPROM contents using a single burst read transaction. The burst read transaction will end when the address reaches FFh.

If the value of the EEPROM contents at address byte 00h equals 55h, the TUSB8041A loads the configuration registers according to the EEPROM map. If the first byte is not 55h, the TUSB8041A exits the l<sup>2</sup>C mode and continues execution with the default values in the configuration registers. The hub will not connect on the upstream port until the configuration is completed.

#### NOTE

The bytes located above offset Ah are optional. The requirement for data in those addresses is dependent on the options configured in the Device Configuration, and Device Configuration 2 registers.

The minimum size I<sup>2</sup>C EEPROM required is 2Kbit.

For details on I<sup>2</sup>C operation refer to the UM10204 I<sup>2</sup>C-bus Specification and User Manual.

#### 8.4.3 Port Configuration

The TUSB8041A port configurations can be selected by registers or efuse. The Port Used Configuration register (USED[3:0]) define how many ports can possibly be reported by the hub. The device removable configuration register (RMBL[3:0]) define if the ports that are reported as used have permanently connected devices or not. The USB 2.0 Only Port register (USB2\_ONLY[3:0]) define whether or a used port is reported as part of the USB 2.0 hub or both the USB2.0 and USB3.1 hubs. The USB2\_ONLY field will enable the USB2.0 port even if the corresponding USED bit is low. The table below shows examples of the possible combinations.



# **Device Functional Modes (continued)**

USED[3:0]	RMBL[3:0]	USB2_ONLY [3:0]	Reported Port Configuration	Physical to Logical Port mapping
1111	1111	0000	4 Port USB3.1 Hub 4 Port USB2.0 Hub	Physical1 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical2 => Logical Port2 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical3 => Logical Port3 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical4 => Logical Port4 for USB3.1 and USB2.0.
1110	1111	0000	3 Port USB3.1 Hub 3 Port USB2.0 Hub	Physical1 Not used. Physical2 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical3 => Logical Port2 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical4 => Logical Port3 for USB3.1 and USB2.0.
1100	0111	0000	2 Port USB 3.1 Hub 2 Port USB2.0 hub with permanently attached device on Port 2	Physical1 Not used. Physical2 Not used. Physical3 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical4 => Logical Port2 for USB3.1 and USB2.0.
0011	1111	0010	1 Port USB 3.1 Hub 2 Port USB 2.0 Hub	Physical1 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical2 => Logical Port2 for USB2.0. Physical3 Not Used. Physical4 Not used.
1000	1111	0010	1 Port USB 3.1 Hub 2 Port USB 2.0 Hub	Physical1 Not used. Physical2 => Logical Port2 for USB2.0. Physical3 Not used Physical4 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0.
1111	1111	1110	1 Port USB 3.1 Hub 4 Port USB 2.0 Hub	Physical1 => Logical Port1 for USB3.1 and USB2.0. Physical2 => Logical Port2 for USB2.0. Physical3 => Logical Port3 for USB2.0. Physical4 => Logical Port4 for USB2.0.
1010	N/A	0x0x	Invalid combination when USB2_ONLY = 0000, 0001, 0100, or 0101. If invalid combination is used, then physical port 4 will not operate at USB3.1 Gen 1 speeds.	
1011	N/A	0x01	Invalid combination when USB2_ONLY = 0001 or 0101. If invalid combination is used, then physical port 4 will not operate at USB3.1 Gen 1 speeds.	
1110	N/A	010x	Invalid combination when USB2_ONLY = 0100 or 0101. If invalid combination is used, then physical port 4 will not operate at USB3.1 Gen 1 speeds.	
1111	N/A	0101	Invalid combination when USB2_ONLY = 0101. If invalid combination is used, then physical port 4 will not operate at USB3.1 Gen 1 speeds.	



#### 8.4.4 SMBus Slave Operation

When the SMBus interface mode is enabled, the TUSB8041A supports read block and write block protocols as a slave-only SMBus device.

The TUSB8041A slave address is 1000 1xyz, where:

- x is the state of GANGED/SMBA2/HS\_UP pin at reset,
- y is the state of FULLPWRMGMTz/SMBA1/SS\_UP pin at reset, and
- z is the read/write bit; 1 = read access, 0 = write access.

If the TUSB8041A is addressed by a host using an unsupported protocol it will not respond. The TUSB8041A waits indefinitely for configuration by the SMBus host and will not connect on the upstream port until the SMBus host indicates configuration is complete by clearing the CFG\_ACTIVE bit.

For details on SMBus requirements, refer to the System Management Bus Specification.

F9h - FFh

The internal configuration registers are accessed on byte boundaries. The configuration register values are loaded with defaults but can be over-written when the TUSB8041A is in I<sup>2</sup>C or SMBus mode.

#### BYTE CONTENTS **EEPROM CONFIGURABLE** ADDRESS 00h **ROM Signature Register** Yes 01h Vendor ID LSB Yes 02h Vendor ID MSB Yes 03h Product ID LSB Yes Product ID MSB 04h Yes 05h **Device Configuration Register** Yes 06h Battery Charging Support Register Yes 07h **Device Removable Configuration Register** Yes 08h Port Used Configuration Register Yes 09h Reserved. Must default to 00h. Yes 0Ah **Device Configuration Register 2** Yes 0Bh USB 2.0 Port Polarity Control Register Yes 0Ch-0Fh Reserved No 10h-1Fh UUID Byte [15:0] No 20h-21h LangID Byte [1:0] Yes 22h Serial Number Length Yes 23h Manufacturer String Length Yes 24h Product String Length Yes 25h **Device Configuration Register 3** Yes USB 2.0 Only Port Register 26h Yes 27h-2Eh Reserved Yes 2Fh Reserved No 30h-4Fh Serial Number String Byte [31:0] Yes 50h-8Fh Manufacturer String Byte [63:0] Yes 90h-CFh Product String Byte [63:0] Yes Yes<sup>(1)</sup> D0h-D4h Reserved D5h-D7h Reserved No Yes<sup>(1)</sup> D8h-DCh Reserved DDh-EFh Reserved No F0h Additional Features Configuration Register Yes F1h-F7h Reserved No F8h SMBus Device Status and Command Register No

# Table 6. TUSB8041A Register Map

8.5 Register Maps

No

Reserved

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# 8.5.2 ROM Signature Register

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Table 7. Bit Descriptions – ROM Signature Register											
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	Description						
7:0	romSignature		RW	ROM Signature Register. This register is used by the TUSB8041A i I <sup>2</sup> C mode to validate the attached EEPROM has been programmed The first byte of the EEPROM is compared to the mask 55h and if r a match, the TUSB8041A aborts the EEPROM load and executes v the register defaults.							

### Figure 3. Register Offset 0h

#### 8.5.3 Vendor ID LSB Register

# Figure 4. Register Offset 1h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1

#### Table 8. Bit Descriptions – Vendor ID LSB Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	vendorldLsb	RO/RW	Vendor ID LSB. Least significant byte of the unique vendor ID assigned by the USB-IF; the default value of this register is 51h representing the LSB of the TI Vendor ID 0451h. The value may be over-written to indicate a customer Vendor ID. Value used for this field will be the non-zero value written by EEPROM/SMBus to both PID and VID. If a zero value is written by EEPROM/SMbus to both PID and VID, then value used for this field will be the non-zero value from OTP. If a zero value is written by OTP, then value used for this field will be 51h.

# 8.5.4 Vendor ID MSB Register

#### Figure 5. Register Offset 2h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

#### Table 9. Bit Descriptions – Vendor ID MSB Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	vendorldMsb	RO/RW	Vendor ID MSB. Most significant byte of the unique vendor ID assigned by the USB-IF; the default value of this register is 04h representing the MSB of the TI Vendor ID 0451h. The value may be over-written to indicate a customer Vendor ID. Value used for this field will be the non-zero value written by EEPROM/SMBus to both PID and VID. If a zero value is written by EEPROM/SMbus to both PID and VID, then value used for this field will be the non-zero value from OTP. If a zero value is written by OTP, then value used for this field will be 04h.

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# 8.5.5 Product ID LSB Register

#### Bit No. 3 2 7 6 5 4 1 0 **Reset State** 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 Table 10. Bit Descriptions – Product ID LSB Register Bit Field Туре Description Product ID LSB. Least significant byte of the product ID assigned by Texas Instruments and reported in the SuperSpeed Device descriptor. the default value of this register is 40h representing the LSB of the SuperSpeed product ID assigned by Texas Instruments The value reported in the USB 2.0 Device descriptor is the value of this register bit wise XORed with 00000010b. The value may be over-written to RO/RW productIdLsb 7:0 indicate a customer product ID. Value used for this field will be the non-zero value written by EEPROM/SMBus to both PID and VID. If a zero value is written by EEPROM/SMbus to both PID and VID, then value used for this field will be the non-zero value from OTP. If a zero value is written by OTP, then value used for this field will be 40h .

#### Figure 6. Register Offset 3h

## 8.5.6 Product ID MSB Register

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

#### Table 11. Bit Descriptions – Product ID MSB Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	productIdMsb	RO/RW	Product ID MSB. Most significant byte of the product ID assigned by Texas Instruments; the default value of this register is 81h representing the MSB of the product ID assigned by Texas Instruments. The value may be over-written to indicate a customer product ID. Value used for this field will be the non-zero value written by EEPROM/SMBus to both PID and VID. If a zero value is written by EEPROM/SMbus to both PID and VID, then value used for this field will be the non-zero value from OTP. If a zero value is written by OTP, then value used for this field will be 81h.



# 8.5.7 Device Configuration Register

Bit No.	7	6	5		4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0		1	Х	Х	0	0
		Table 12.	Bit Desc	riptions -	- Device	e Configurat	ion Register		
Bit	Field			Туре	Descrip	otion			
7	customStrings			RW	Manufac Length, 0 = The String L 1 = The String L loaded b	strings enable. cturer String Len Product String, a Manufacturer St ength, Product S Manufacturer St ength, Product S by EEPROM or v ault value of this	gth, Manufacture and Language IE tring Length, Ma String, and Langu tring Length, Ma String, and Langu written by SMBus	er String, Produ D registers nufacturer Strir Jage ID registe nufacturer Strir Jage ID registe	uct String ng, Product rs are read only ng, Product
6	customSernum			RW	serial nu 0 = The registers 1 = Seri may be	serial number e umber registers. Serial Number s are read only al Number String loaded by EEPF ault value of this	String Length an g Length and Se ROM or written b	d Serial Numbe rial Number Sti	
5	u1u2Disable			RW	0 = U1/U 1 = U1/U accept a unless in receivin U2 acco disconn When the from the When th	Disable. This bit of J2 support is end J2 support is end J2 support is dis any U1 or U2 red t receives or sending an ording to USB 3. ected on its upst he TUSB8041A is contents of the he TUSB8041A is og an SMBus hos	abled abled, the TUSE uests on any po ds a Force_Link FLPMA LMP, it 1 protocol until it ream port. s in I <sup>2</sup> C mode, th EEPROM. s in SMBUS mode	88041A will not rt, upstream or PM_Accept LM will continue to gets a power-or ne TUSB8041A	downstream, IP. After enable U1 and on reset or is loads this bit
4	RSVD			RO	Reserve	ed. This bit is res	erved and returr	ns 1 when read	
3	ganged			RW	the GAN 0 = Whe and ena 1 = Whe ganged When the from the When the	. This bit is load NGED/SMBA2/H en fullPwrMgmtz bled by the PWK en fullPwrMgmtz and enabled by ne TUSB8041A is contents of the ne TUSB8041A is by an SMBus hos	S_UP pin. = 0, each port is RCTL[4:1]/BATE = 0, the power s the PWRCTL[4: s in I <sup>2</sup> C mode, th EEPROM. s in SMBUS mode	s individually po N[4:1] pins switch control fo 1]/BATEN1 pin ne TUSB8041A	or all ports is loads this bit
2	fullPwrMgmtz			RW	with the 0 = Port 1 = Port When the from the When the	ver Management value of the FUI power switching power switching the TUSB8041A is contents of the the TUSB8041A is by an SMBus hose	LLPWRMGMTz/ g status reporting s status reporting s in I <sup>2</sup> C mode, th EEPROM. s in SMBUS mode	SMBA1/SS_UF g is enabled g is disabled ne TUSB8041A	<sup>o</sup> pin. Ioads this bit
1	u1u2TimerOvr			RW	override Host sof TUSB80	Timer Override. We the downstream ftware. If softwar 041A will use the 041A will use val	n ports U1/U2 tin e sets value in the value of FFh. If	neout values se he range of 1h	et by USB3.1 - FFh, the
0	RSVD			RO	Reserve	ed. This field is re	eserved and retu	Irns 0 when rea	ad.
	l			1	1				

# Figure 8. Register Offset 5h

#### 8.5.8 Battery Charging Support Register

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
		Table 13. Bit D	escriptions -	- Battery C	Charging Sup	oport Regist	ter	
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	tion			
7:4	RSVD		RO	Reserve	d. Read only, ret	urns 0 when rea	ad.	
3:0	batEn[3:0]		RW	downstre 0 = The 1 = The Each bit correspondownstre The defa with the When in	Charger Support. eam port impleme port is not enabled port is enabled for corresponds dire onds to downstrea eam port 2. ault value for thes value of PWRCT I2C/SMBus mod M contents or by	ents the chargir ed for battery charg or battery charg ectly to a downs am port 1, and 1 se bits are loade L/BATEN[3:0]. the the bits in this	ng port features. harging support features the support feature tream port, i.e. the batEN1 corresponded at the de-assess s field may be on	eatures ures patEn0 pnds to ertion of reset

#### Figure 9. Register Offset 6h

# 8.5.9 Device Removable Configuration Register

# Figure 10. Register Offset 7h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х

# Table 14. Bit Descriptions – Device Removable Configuration Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7	customRmbl	RW	Custom Removable. This bit controls the ability to write to the port removable bits, port used bits, and USB2_ONLY bits. 0 = rmbl[3:0], used[3:0], and USB2_ONLY[3:0] are read only and the values are loaded from the OTP ROM 1 = rmbl[3:0], used[3:0], and USB2_ONLY[3:0] are read/write and can be loaded by EEPROM or written by SMBus This bit may be written simultaneously with rmbl[3:0].
6:4	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.
3:0	rmbl[3:0]	RO/RW	Removable. The bits in this field indicate whether a device attached to downstream ports 4 through 1 are removable or permanently attached. 0 = The device attached to the port is not removable 1 = The device attached to the port is removable Each bit corresponds directly to a downstream port n + 1, i.e. rmbl0 corresponds to downstream port 1, rmbl1 corresponds to downstream port 2, etc. This field is read only unless the customRmbl bit is set to 1. Otherwise the value of this filed reflects the inverted values of the OTP ROM non_rmb[3:0] field.

# 8.5.10 Port Used Configuration Register

### Figure 11. Register Offset 8h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1



Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:4	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only.
3:0	used[3:0]	RO/RW	Used. The bits in this field indicate whether a port is enabled. 0 = The port is not used or disabled 1 = The port is used or enabled Each bit corresponds directly to a downstream port, i.e. used0 corresponds to downstream port 1, used1 corresponds to downstream port 2, etc. All combinations are supported with the exception of both ports 1 and 3 marked as disabled. This field is read only unless the customRmbl bit is set to 1. When the corresponding USB2_ONLY bit is set, the USB2 port will be used and enabled regardless of the bit programmed into this field.

# Table 15. Bit Descriptions – Port Used Configuration Register

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8.5.11	Device Configuration Register 2	
	Figure 12	R

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Reset State	0	0	Х	1	0	0	0	0	
	-	Table 16. Bit	Descriptio	ns – Devic	e Configuratio	on Register 2	2		
Bit	Field		Туре	e Descr	iption				
7	Reserved		RO	Reser	ved. Read-only, re	turns 0 when rea	ad.		
6	customBCfeatur	res	RW	to write 0 = Th the OT 1 = Th EEPR	m Battery Charging e to the battery ch le HiCurAcpMode IP ROM. le HiCurAcpMode OM or written by S it may be written s	arging feature co En is read only a En bit is read/wri SMBus.	onfiguration cont nd the values a te and can be lo	trols. re loaded from paded by	
5	pwrctlPol		RW	with th 0 = PV 1 = PV When from th When	enable polarity. T e value of the PW VRCTL polarity is VRCTL polarity is the TUSB8041A is the Contents of the the TUSB8041A is by an SMBus hos	RCTL_POL pin. active low active high s in I <sup>2</sup> C mode, th EEPROM. s in SMBUS mode	ne TUSB8041A I	oads this bit	
4	HiCurAcpModeE	Ēn	RO/I	RW Chargi for dov 0 = Hi 1 = Hi This b custon	urrent ACP mode ng mode when the wnstream ports. gh current divider gh current divider it is read only unle nBCfeatures is 0, t ROM HiCurAcpMod	e automatic batte mode disabled . mode enabled. H ss the customB( the value of this	ery charging moo High current is a High current moo Cfeatures bit is s	de is enabled ACP1 (default) de is ACP2 set to 1. If	
3:2	Reserved		RW	Reser	ved				
1	autoModeEnz		RW	with th The au chargi these 0 = Au mode NOTE mode	<ul> <li>Automatic Mode Enable. This bit is loaded at the de-assertion of rese with the value of the AUTOENz/HS_SUSPEND pin.</li> <li>The automatic mode only applies to downstream ports with battery charging enabled when the upstream port is not connected. Under these conditions:</li> <li>0 = Automatic mode battery charging features are enabled.</li> <li>1 = Automatic mode is disabled; only Battery Charging DCP and CDF mode is supported.</li> <li>NOTE: When the upstream port is connected, Battery Charging CDP mode will be supported on all ports that are enabled for battery charging support regardless of the value of this bit.</li> </ul>				
0	RSVD		RO	Reser	ved. Read only, re	turns 0 when rea	ad.		

# Figure 12. Register Offset Ah

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# 8.5.12 USB 2.0 Port Polarity Control Register

# Figure 13. Register Offset Bh

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Reset State		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Tab	ole 17. Bit De	scriptions -	- USB 2.0 P	ort Polarity	Control Regi	ster			
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	tion					
7	customPolarity		RW	p[4:0]_u: 0 = The from the 1 = The EEPROI	sb2pol bits. p[4:0]_usb2pol OTP ROM. p[4:0]_usb2pol M or written by	ty. This bit contro bits are read only bits are read/writ SMBus. simultaneously w	y and the values and can be lo	are loaded aded by		
6:5	RSVD		RO	Reserve	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.					
4	p4_usb2pol		RO/R	W port. 0 = USB 0 = USB out, i.e. This bit i customF	2.0 port polarit 2.0 port polarit DM becomes D s read only unl	/DP Polarity. This y is as document y is swapped from P, and DP becor ess the customPo value of this bit ro	ted by the pin or m that documen nes DM. blarity bit is set t	ut ted in the pin to 1. If		
3	p3_usb2pol		RO/R	W port. 0 = USB 1 = USB out, i.e. This bit i customF	Downstream Port 3 DM/DP Polarity. This controls the polarity of the port. 0 = USB 2.0 port polarity is as documented by the pin out 1 = USB 2.0 port polarity is swapped from that documented in the pin out, i.e. DM becomes DP, and DP becomes DM. This bit is read only unless the customPolarity bit is set to 1. If customPolarity is 0 the value of this bit reflects the value of the OTP ROM p3_usb2pol bit.					
2	p2_usb2pol		RO/R	W port. 0 = USB 0 = USB out, i.e. This bit i customF	Downstream Port 2 DM/DP Polarity. This controls the polarity of port. 0 = USB 2.0 port polarity is as documented by the pin out 1 = USB 2.0 port polarity is swapped from that documented in the out, i.e. DM becomes DP, and DP becomes DM. This bit is read only unless the customPolarity bit is set to 1. If customPolarity is 0 the value of this bit reflects the value of the C ROM p2_usb2pol bit.					
1	p1_usb2pol		ROR	N port. 0 = USB 1 = USB out, i.e. This bit i customF	2.0 port polarit 2.0 port polarit DM becomes D s read only unl	/DP Polarity. This y is as document y is swapped from P, and DP becor ess the customPo value of this bit ro	ted by the pin or m that documen nes DM. blarity bit is set t	ut ted in the pin to 1. If		
0	p0_usb2pol		RO/R	0 = USB 1 = USB out, i.e. This bit i customF	2.0 port polarit 2.0 port polarit DM becomes D s read only unl	Polarity. This con y is as document y is swapped froi P, and DP becor ess the customPo value of this bit ro	ted by the pin of m that documen nes DM. plarity bit is set t	ut ted in the pin to 1. If		

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# 8.5.13 UUID Registers

#### Figure 14. Register Offset 10h-1Fh

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
Reset State	X	X Table 44		X Hana III		X	X	X				
	Table 18. Bit Descriptions – UUID Byte N Register											
Bit	Field		Туре	Type Description								
7:0	uuidByte[n]		RO	UUID byte N. The UUID returned in the Container ID descriptor. The value of this register is provided by the device and is meets the UUID requirements of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) RFC 4122 A UUID URN Namespace.								

# 8.5.14 Language ID LSB Register

# Figure 15. Register Offset 20h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

# Table 19. Bit Descriptions – Language ID LSB Register

Bit	t	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	0	langIdLsb	RO/RW	Language ID least significant byte. This register contains the value returned in the LSB of the LANGID code in string index 0. The TUSB8041A only supports one language ID. The default value of this register is 09h representing the LSB of the LangID 0409h indicating English United States. When customStrings is 1, this field may be over-written by the contents of an attached EEPROM or by an SMBus host.

# 8.5.15 Language ID MSB Register

# Figure 16. Register Offset 21h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Table 20. Bit Descriptions – Language ID MSB Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	langldMsb	RO/RW	Language ID most significant byte. This register contains the value returned in the MSB of the LANGID code in string index 0. The TUSB8041A only supports one language ID. The default value of this register is 04h representing the MSB of the LangID 0409h indicating English United States. When customStrings is 1, this field may be over-written by the contents of an attached EEPROM or by an SMBus host.



# 8.5.16 Serial Number String Length Register

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Reset State	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0		
Table 21. Bit Descriptions – Serial Number String Length Register										
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	tion					
7:6	RSVD RO Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.									
5:0	serNumStringLer	1	RO/RW	number number When c contents When th serNum	umber string leng string. The defau string is support ustomSernum is s of an attached l he field is non-ze bStringLen bytes ed in the Serial N	It value is 18h i ed. The maximu 1, this field may EEPROM or by ro, a serial numl is returned at s	ndicating that a m string length i be over-written an SMBus host. ber string of tring index 1 fro	24 byte serial is 32 bytes. by the		

#### Figure 17. Register Offset 22h

# 8.5.17 Manufacturer String Length Register

## Figure 18. Register Offset 23h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Table 22. Bit Descriptions – Manufacturer String Length Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.
6:0	mfgStringLen	RO/RW	Manufacturer string length. The string length in bytes for the manufacturer string. The default value is 0, indicating that a manufacturer string is not provided. The maximum string length is 64 bytes. When customStrings is 1, this field may be over-written by the contents of an attached EEPROM or by an SMBus host. When the field is non-zero, a manufacturer string of mfgStringLen bytes is returned at string index 3 from the data contained in the Manufacturer String registers.

# 8.5.18 Product String Length Register

# Figure 19. Register Offset 24h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## Table 23. Bit Descriptions – Product String Length Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.
6:0	prodStringLen	RO/RW	Product string length. The string length in bytes for the product string. The default value is 0, indicating that a product string is not provided. The maximum string length is 64 bytes. When customStrings is 1, this field may be over-written by the contents of an attached EEPROM or by an SMBus host. When the field is non-zero, a product string of prodStringLen bytes is returned at string index 3 from the data contained in the Product String registers.

# 8.5.19 Device Configuration Register 3

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Та	able 24. Bit	t Descriptions	– Device	Configuratio	on Register :	3		
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	otion				
7:5	RSVD		RO	Reserve	ed. Read only, re	turns 0 when rea	ad.		
4	USB2.0_only		RW	USB 2.0 hub reports as 2.0 only. This bit disables the USB 2.0 h from reporting 5Gbps support in the wSpeedsSupported field of USB SS BOS SS device capability descriptor. This bit will also of the USB3.0 hub. This bit is read/write but the read value returned is the Boolean this bit and the corresponding eFuse bit. If either bit is set, this f is enabled.					
3	Reserved		RO	Switch t	o reserved				
2:1	Reserved		RO	Reserve	ed				
0	FullAutoEn		R/W	and this all divide highest The bit bit and t	all divider battery bit is set, any D er battery chargir current option. is writable, but th the correspondin bit is set, eFuse	S port enabled f ng modes before e value read ba g eFuse control.	or battery chargi DCP, starting v ck is the Boolea	ing will attempt vith the n OR of this	
0	Reserved		R	Reserve	ed.				

#### Figure 20. Register Offset 25h

# 8.5.20 USB 2.0 Only Port Register

# Figure 21. Register Offset 26h

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Table 25. Bit Descriptions – USB 2.0 Only Port Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:4	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.
3:0	USB2_ONLY[3:0]	RO/RW	USB 2.0 Only Ports. The bits in this field primarily indicate whether a port is enabled only for USB 2.0 operation. This field is read-only unless customRmbl bit is set. Also, these bits will override the corresponding USED bit. A value of 0 indicates the hub port is enabled for both USB 3.1 and USB 2.0. A value of 1 indicates the hub port is enabled only for USB 2.0 operation.

# 8.5.21 Serial Number String Registers

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	Х	Х	х	x	х	х	х	x

# Table 26. Bit Descriptions – Serial Number Registers

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	serialNumber[n]	RO/RW	Serial Number byte N. The serial number returned in the Serial Number string descriptor at string index 1. The default value of these registers is assigned by TI. When customSernum is 1, these registers may be over-written by EEPROM contents or by an SMBus host.



# 8.5.22 Manufacturer String Registers

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Table 27. Bit Descriptions -				s – Manuf	acturer Strin	ng Registers		
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	tion			
7:0	mfgStringByte[n]		RW	returned number The prog	turer string byte for string index of bytes returned grammed data sl ed by The Unico 5.0.	3 when mfgStrir d in the string is hould be in UNI	ngLen is greater equal to mfgStr CODE UTF-16L	than 0. The ingLen. E encodings

## Figure 23. Register Offset 50h-8Fh

# 8.5.23 Product String Registers

# Figure 24. Register Offset 90h-CFh

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Table 28. Bit Descriptions – Product String Byte N Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:0	prodStringByte[n]	RO/RW	Product string byte N. These registers provide the string values returned for string index 2 when prodStringLen is greater than 0. The number of bytes returned in the string is equal to prodStringLen. The programmed data should be in UNICODE UTF-16LE encodings as defined by The Unicode Standard, Worldwide Character Encoding, Version 5.0.

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# 8.5.24 Additional Feature Configuration Register

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Table	29. Bit Desc	criptions – Add	ditional F	eature Confi	guration Re	gister	
Bit	Field		Туре	Descrip	otion			
7:5	Reserved		RW	Reserve	ed. This field defa	ults to 3'b000 a	nd must not be a	changed.
4	stsOutputEn		RW	signals, 0 = STS 1 = STS	butput enable. Thi HS_UP, HS_SU outputs are disa outputs are enal may be loaded b	SPEND, SS_UF bled. bled.	P, SS_SUSPENI	D
3:1 pwronTime			RW	field set enable example	On Delay Time. W s the delay time f of PWRCTL wher a, when disabling The nominal timin	rom the remova n transitioning b the power on a	al disable of PWF attery charging r	RCTL to the nodes. For
				TPWR	ON_EN = (pwro	onTime x 1) x	200 ms	(1)
			This fiel host.	d may be over-wi	ritten by EEPRC	DM contents or b	y an SMBus	
0	usb3spreadDis		RW	spread 0 = Spre 1= Spre	pread Spectrum spectrum functior ead spectrum fun ad spectrum func may be loaded b	n of the USB3 pl ction is enabled ction is disabled	hy PLL. I	

# Figure 25. Register Offset F0h .

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# 8.5.25 SMBus Device Status and Command Register

Figure 26.	Register	Offset F8h
------------	----------	------------

Bit No.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reset State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Table 30. Bit Descriptions – SMBus Device Status and Command Register

Bit	Field	Туре	Description
7:2	RSVD	RO	Reserved. Read only, returns 0 when read.
1	smbusRst	RSU	SMBus interface reset. This bit loads the registers back to their GRSTz values. Note, that since this bit can only be set when in SMBus mode the cfgActive bit is also reset to 1. When software sets this bit it must reconfigure the registers as necessary. This bit is set by writing a 1 and is cleared by hardware on completion of the reset. A write of 0 has no effect.
0	cfgActive	RCU	Configuration active. This bit indicates that configuration of the TUSB8041A is currently active. The bit is set by hardware when the device enters the I2C or SMBus mode. The TUSB8041A shall not connect on the upstream port while this bit is 1. When in I2C mode, the bit is cleared by hardware when the TUSB8041A exits the I2C mode. When in the SMBus mode, this bit must be cleared by the SMBus host in order to exit the configuration mode and allow the upstream port to connect. The bit is cleared by a writing 1. A write of 0 has no effect.



# 9 Applications and Implementation

## NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

# 9.1 Application Information

The TUSB8041A is a four-port USB 3.1 Gen1 compliant hub. It provides simultaneous SuperSpeed USB and high-speed/full-speed connections on the upstream port and provides SuperSpeed USB, high-speed, full-speed, or low speed connections on the downstream port. The TUSB8041A can be used in any application that needs additional USB compliant ports. For example, a specific notebook may only have two downstream USB ports. By using the TUSB8041A, the notebook can increase the downstream port count to five.

# 9.2 Typical Application

## 9.2.1 Discrete USB Hub Product

A common application for the TUSB8041A is as a self powered standalone USB hub product. The product is powered by an external 5V DC Power adapter. In this application, using a USB cable TUSB8041A upstream port is plugged into a USB Host controller. The downstream ports of the TUSB8041A are exposed to users for connecting USB hard drives, cameras, flash drives, and so forth.

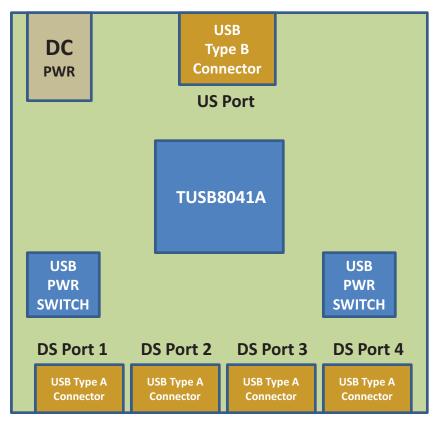


Figure 27. Discrete USB Hub Product



### **Typical Application (continued)**

### 9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

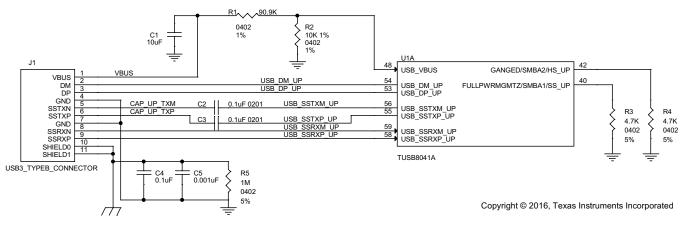
DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
VDD Supply	1.1 V
VDD33 Supply	3.3 V
Upstream Port USB Support (SS, HS, FS)	SS, HS, FS
Downstream Port 1 USB Support (SS, HS, FS, LS)	SS, HS, FS, LS
Downstream Port 2 USB Support (SS, HS, FS, LS)	SS, HS, FS, LS
Downstream Port 3 USB Support (SS, HS, FS, LS)	SS, HS, FS, LS
Downstream Port 4 USB Support (SS, HS, FS, LS)	SS, HS, FS, LS
Number of Removable external exposed Downstream Ports	4
Number of Non-Removable external exposed Downstream Ports	0
Full Power Management of Downstream Ports	Yes. (FULLPWRMGMTZ = 0)
Individual Control of Downstream Port Power Switch	Yes. (GANGED = 0)
Power Switch Enable Polarity	Active High. (PWRCTL_POL = 1)
Battery Charge Support for Downstream Port 1	Yes
Battery Charge Support for Downstream Port 2	Yes
Battery Charge Support for Downstream Port 3	Yes
Battery Charge Support for Downstream Port 4	Yes
I2C EEPROM Support	No
24MHz Clock Source	Crystal

### **Table 31. Design Parameters**

### 9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

### 9.2.1.2.1 Upstream Port Implementation

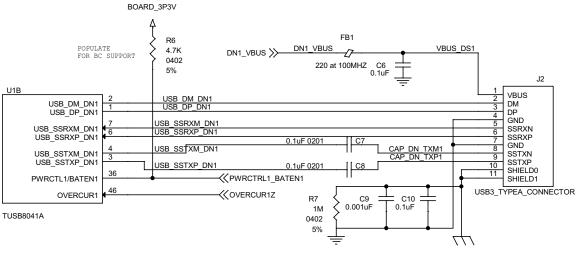
The upstream of the TUSB8041A is connected to a USB3 Type B connector. This particular example has GANGED pin and FULLPWRMGMTZ pin pulled low which results in individual power support each downstream port. The VBUS signal from the USB3 Type B connector is feed through a voltage divider. The purpose of the voltage divider is to make sure the level meets USB\_VBUS input requirements





# 9.2.1.2.2 Downstream Port 1 Implementation

The downstream port 1 of the TUSB8041A is connected to a USB3 Type A connector. With BATEN1 pin pulled up, Battery Charge support is enabled for Port 1. If Battery Charge support is not needed, then pull-up resistor on BATEN1 should be uninstalled.

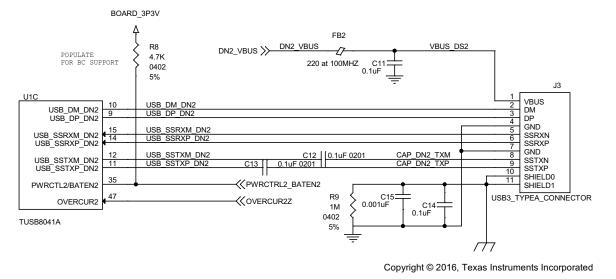


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Figure 29. Downstream Port 1 Implementation

### 9.2.1.2.3 Downstream Port 2 Implementation

The downstream port 2 of the TUSB8041A is connected to a USB3 Type A connector. With BATEN2 pin pulled up, Battery Charge support is enabled for Port 2. If Battery Charge support is not needed, then pull-up resistor on BATEN2 should be uninstalled. For ferrite bead used on the VBUS connection, a lower resistance is recommended due to noticeable IR drop during high current charging modes. The isolation between the Type-A connectors shield ground and signal ground pins is not required. Some applications may have better ESD/EMI performance when the grounds are shorted together.









#### 9.2.1.2.4 Downstream Port 3 Implementation

The downstream port3 of the TUSB8041A is connected to a USB3 Type A connector. With BATEN3 pin pulled up, Battery Charge support is enabled for Port 3. If Battery Charge support is not needed, then pull-up resistor on BATEN3 should be uninstalled. For ferrite bead used on the VBUS connection, a lower resistance is recommended due to noticeable IR drop during high current charging modes. The isolation between the Type-A connectors shield ground and signal ground pins is not required. Some applications may have better ESD/EMI performance when the grounds are shorted together.

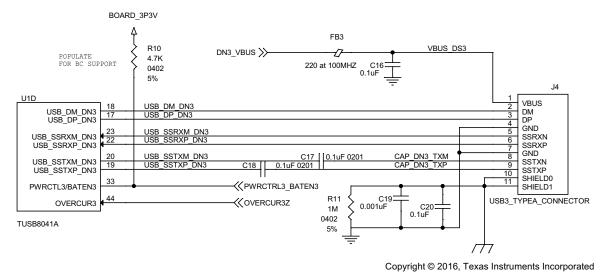


Figure 31. Downstream Port 3 Implementation

#### 9.2.1.2.5 Downstream Port 4 Implementation

The downstream port 4 of the TUSB8041A is connected to a USB3 Type A connector. With BATEN4 pin pulled up, Battery Charge support is enabled for Port 4. If Battery Charge support is not needed, then pull-up resistor on BATEN4 should be uninstalled. For ferrite bead used on the VBUS connection, a lower resistance is recommended due to noticeable IR drop during high current charging modes. The isolation between the Type-A connectors shield ground and signal ground pins is not required. Some applications may have better ESD/EMI performance when the grounds are shorted together.

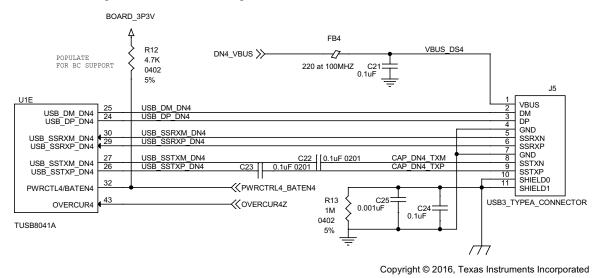


Figure 32. Downstream Port 4 Implementation

#### 9.2.1.2.6 VBUS Power Switch Implementation

This particular example uses the Texas Instruments TPS2561 Dual Channel Precision Adjustable Current-Limited power switch. For details on this power switch or other power switches available from Texas Instruments, refer to the Texas Instruments website.

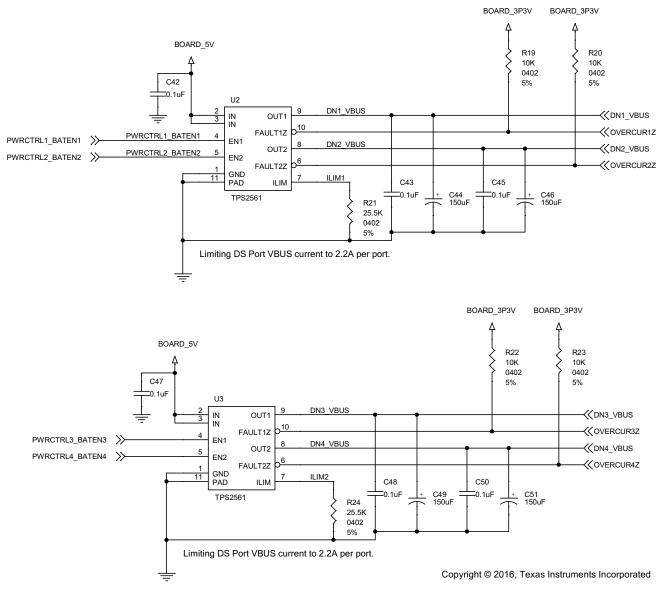


Figure 33. VBUS Power Switch Implementation

#### 9.2.1.2.7 Clock, Reset, and Misc

The PWRCTL\_POL is left unconnected which results in active high power enable (PWRCTL1, PWRCTL2, PWRCTL3, and PWRCTL4) for a USB VBUS power switch. SMBUSz pin is also left unconnected which will select I2C mode. Both PWRCTL\_POL and SMBUSz pins have internal pull-ups. The 1 µF capacitor on the GRSTN pin can only be used if the VDD11 supply is stable before the VDD33 supply. The depending on the supply ramp of the two supplies the capacitor size may have to be adjusted.



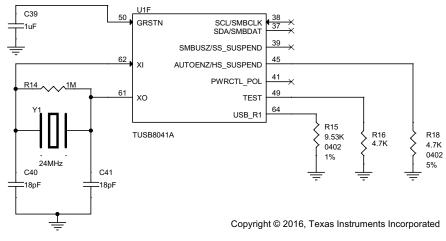


Figure 34. Clock, Reset, and Misc

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### 9.2.1.2.8 TUSB8041A Power Implementation

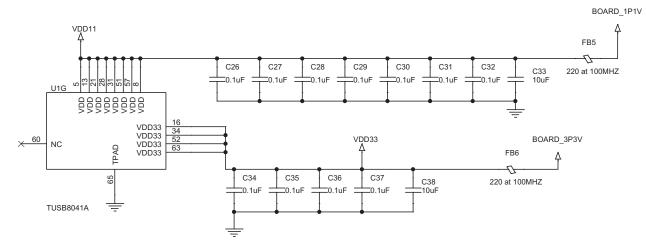
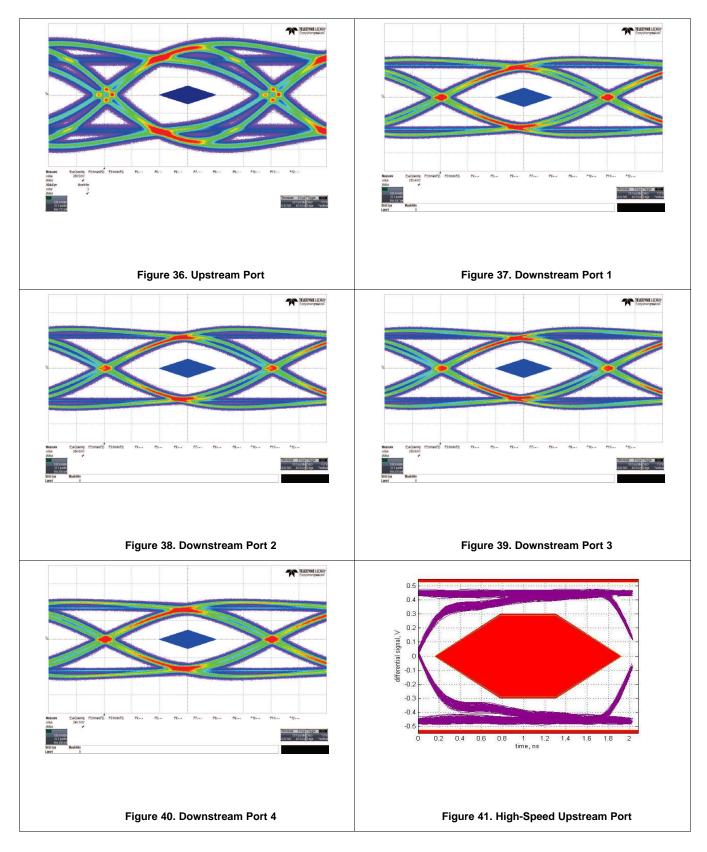


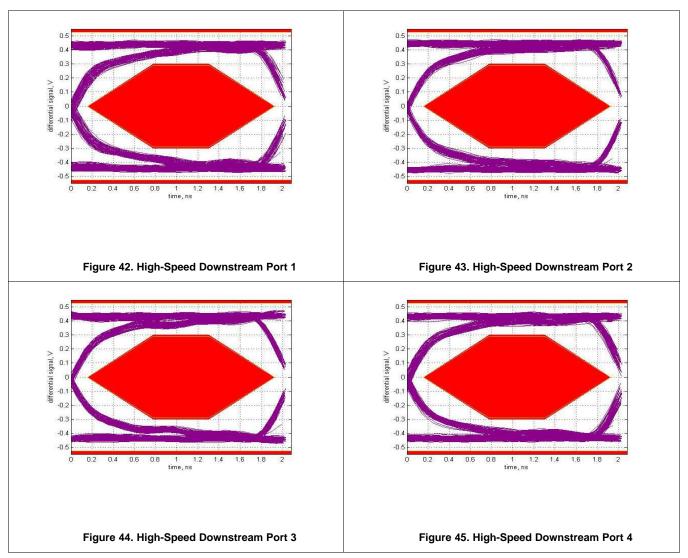
Figure 35. TUSB8041A Power Implementation



### 9.2.1.3 Application Curves









## **10** Power Supply Recommendations

### 10.1 TUSB8041A Power Supply

 $V_{DD}$  should be implemented as a single power plane, as should  $V_{DD33}$ .

- The V<sub>DD</sub> pins of the TUSB8041A supply 1.1 V (nominal) power to the core of the TUSB8041A. This power rail can be isolated from all other power rails by a ferrite bead to reduce noise.
- The DC resistance of the ferrite bead on the core power rail can affect the voltage provided to the device due to the high current draw on the power rail. The output of the core voltage regulator may need to be adjusted to account for this or a ferrite bead with low DC resistance (less than  $0.05 \Omega$ ) can be selected.
- The V<sub>DD33</sub> pins of the TUSB8041A supply 3.3 V power rail to the I/O of the TUSB8041A. This power rail can be isolated from all other power rails by a ferrite bead to reduce noise.
- All power rails require a 10 µF capacitor or 1 µF capacitors for stability and noise immunity. These bulk capacitors can be placed anywhere on the power rail. The smaller decoupling capacitors should be placed as close to the TUSB8041A power pins as possible with an optimal grouping of two of differing values per pin.

### 10.2 Downstream Port Power

- The downstream port power, VBUS, must be supplied by a source capable of supplying 5V and up to 900 mA per port. Downstream port power switches can be controlled by the TUSB8041A signals. It is also possible to leave the downstream port power always enabled.
- A large bulk low-ESR capacitor of 22 µF or larger is required on each downstream port's VBUS to limit in-rush current.
- The ferrite beads on the VBUS pins of the downstream USB port connections are recommended for both ESD and EMI reasons. A 0.1µF capacitor on the USB connector side of the ferrite provides a low impedance path to ground for fast rise time ESD current that might have coupled onto the VBUS trace from the cable.

### 10.3 Ground

It is recommended that only one board ground plane be used in the design. This provides the best image plane for signal traces running above the plane. The thermal pad of the TUSB8041A and any of the voltage regulators should be connected to this plane with vias. An earth or chassis ground is implemented only near the USB port connectors on a different plane for EMI and ESD purposes.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

### 11.1.1 Placement

- 1. 9.53K +/-1% resistor connected to pin USB\_R1 should be placed as close as possible to the TUSB8041A.
- 2. A 0.1  $\mu$ F should be placed as close as possible on each VDD and VDD33 power pin.
- 3. The 100 nF capacitors on the SSTXP and SSTXM nets should be placed close to the USB connector (Type A, Type B, and so forth).
- 4. The ESD and EMI protection devices (if used) should also be placed as close as possible to the USB connector.
- 5. If a crystal is used, it must be placed as close as possible to the TUSB8041A XI and XO pins.
- 6. Place voltage regulators as far away as possible from the TUSB8041A, the crystal, and the differential pairs.
- 7. In general, the large bulk capacitors associated with each power rail should be placed as close as possible to the voltage regulators.

### 11.1.2 Package Specific

- 1. The TUSB8041A package has a 0.5-mm pin pitch.
- 2. The TUSB8041A package has a 6.0-mm x 6.0-mm thermal pad. This thermal pad must be connected to ground through a system of vias.
- 3. All vias under device, except for those connected to thermal pad, should be solder masked to avoid any potential issues with thermal pad layouts.

### 11.1.3 Differential Pairs

This section describes the layout recommendations for all the TUSB8041A differential pairs: USB\_DP\_XX, USB\_DM\_XX, USB\_SSTXP\_XX, USB\_SSTXM\_XX, USB\_SSRXP\_XX, and USB\_SSRXM\_XX.

- 1. Must be designed with a differential impedance of 90  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ .
- 2. In order to minimize cross talk, it is recommended to keep high speed signals away from each other. Each pair should be separated by at least 5 times the signal trace width. Separating with ground as depicted in the layout example will also help minimize cross talk.
- 3. Route all differential pairs on the same layer adjacent to a solid ground plane.
- 4. Do not route differential pairs over any plane split.
- 5. Adding test points will cause impedance discontinuity and will therefore negative impact signal performance. If test points are used, they should be placed in series and symmetrically. They must not be placed in a manner that causes stub on the differential pair.
- 6. Avoid 90 degree turns in trace. The use of bends in differential traces should be kept to a minimum. When bends are used, the number of left and right bends should be as equal as possible and the angle of the bend should be ≥ 135 degrees. This will minimize any length mismatch causes by the bends and therefore minimize the impact bends have on EMI.
- 7. Minimize the trace lengths of the differential pair traces. The maximum recommended trace length for SS differential pair signals and USB 2.0 differential pair signals is eight inches. Longer trace lengths require very careful routing to assure proper signal integrity.
- 8. Match the etch lengths of the differential pair traces (i.e. DP and DM or SSRXP and SSRXM or SSTXP and SSTXM). There should be less than 5 mils difference between a SS differential pair signal and its complement. The USB 2.0 differential pairs should not exceed 50 mils relative trace length difference.
- 9. The etch lengths of the differential pair groups do not need to match (i.e. the length of the SSRX pair to that of the SSTX pair), but all trace lengths should be minimized.
- 10. Minimize the use of vias in the differential pair paths as much as possible. If this is not practical, make sure that the same via type and placement are used for both signals in a pair. Any vias used should be placed as close as possible to the TUSB8041A device.
- 11. To ease routing, the polarity of the SS differential pairs can be swapped. This means that SSTXP can be routed to SSTXM or SSRXM can be routed to SSRXP.



### Layout Guidelines (continued)

- 12. To ease routing of the USB2 DP and DM pair, the polarity of these pins can be swapped. If this is done, the appropriate Px\_usb2pol register, where x = 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, must be set.
- 13. Do not place power fuses across the differential pair traces.

### 11.2 Layout Examples

11.2.1 Upstream Port

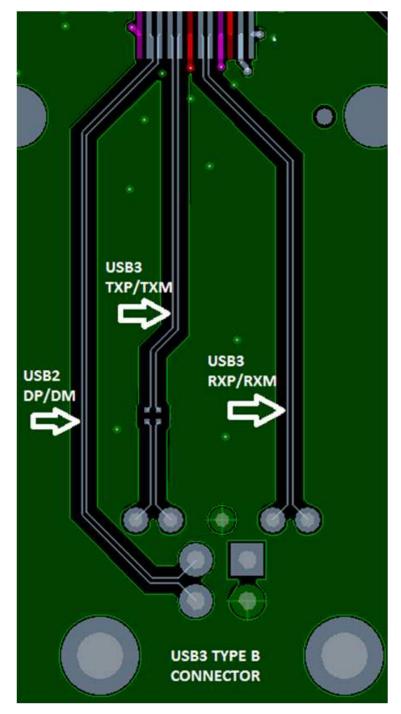


Figure 46. Example Routing of Upstream Port

# Layout Examples (continued)

### 11.2.2 Downstream Port

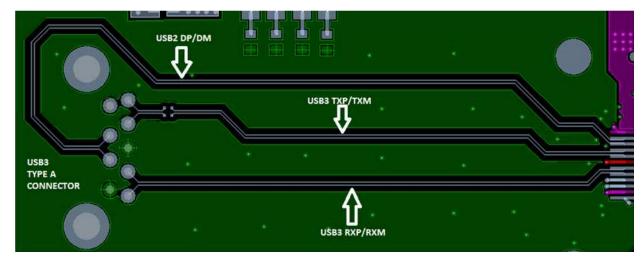


Figure 47. Example Routing of Downstream Port

The remaining three downstream ports routing can be similar to the example provided.



### **12 Device and Documentation Support**

### 12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### **12.2 Community Resources**

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support TI's Design Support** Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

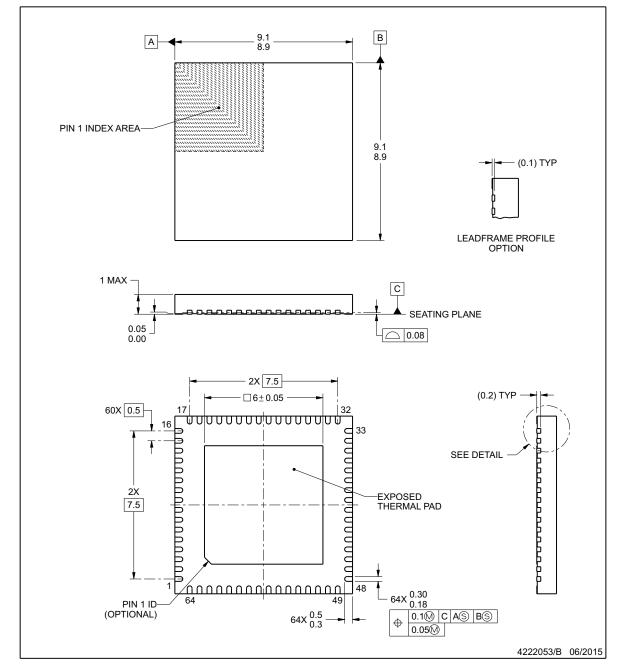
The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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# PACKAGE OUTLINE

### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing

per ASME Y14.5M.2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

**RGC0064G** 





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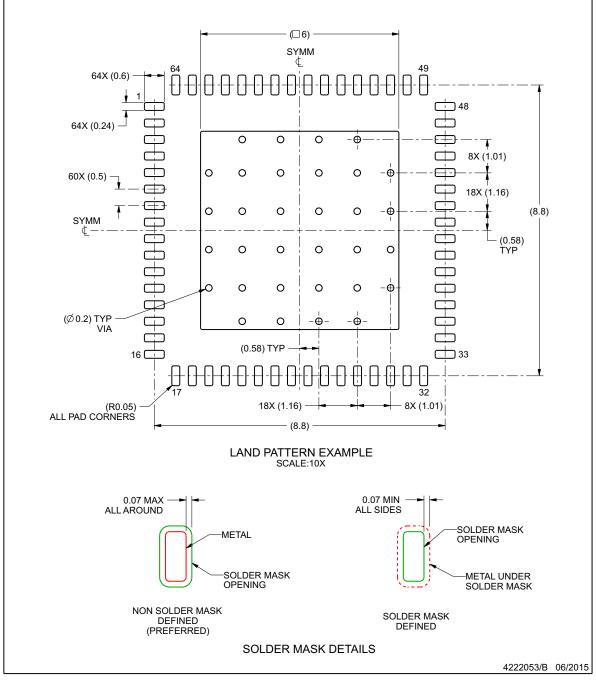
**RGC0064G** 

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# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

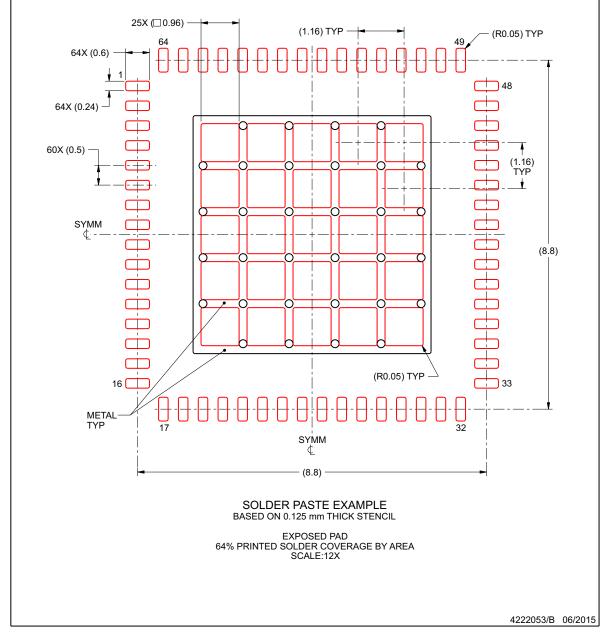
 This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

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# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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10-Dec-2020

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TUSB8041ARGCR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGC	64	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	0 to 70	TUSB8041A	Samples
TUSB8041ARGCT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGC	64	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	0 to 70	TUSB8041A	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <= 1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <= 1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*/	Il dimensions are nominal												
	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
	TUSB8041ARGCR	VQFN	RGC	64	2000	330.0	16.4	9.3	9.3	1.1	12.0	16.0	Q2
	TUSB8041ARGCT	VQFN	RGC	64	250	180.0	16.4	9.3	9.3	1.1	12.0	16.0	Q2

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

23-Sep-2017



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TUSB8041ARGCR	VQFN	RGC	64	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TUSB8041ARGCT	VQFN	RGC	64	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

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